SWAMINARAYAN UNIVERSITY

BOARD OF STUDIES - 5

Faculty of Law

Sub: Minutes of Fourth Board of Studies meeting for the Faculty of Law.

The 5th Board of studies meeting held on **22th June 2024** at 12:00 pm at Conference Hall, Swaminarayan University. Following members were present during the meeting.

SR .No.	Name	Position
1	**Dr. Ravikumar**	**Dean Academics**
2	**Dr. Dixit Patel**	**Chairperson**
3	**Dr. B .H . Rao**	**Internal Member**
4	**Dr. Mahesh Patel**	**External Expert 1**
5	**Dr. Pankaj Modi**	**External Expert 1**
6	**Dr. Kiran Bharathiya**	**External Expert 2**
7	**Dr. Paresh Dobadiya**	**External Expert 4**

Dr. Arundhati Dasani absent.

The Chairman welcomed the members & agenda were discussed; the following recommendations were made.

1. ITEM NO.BOS/05/01

To Consider and approve of the MOM of the 4th Board of studies, Faculty of Law held on 16th Dec 2023.

Resolution: The meeting commenced with the review of the minutes from the previous meeting held on 16th Dec 2023.(BoS/04). The minutes were unanimously approved after a brief discussion regarding the accuracy of the recorded points.

2. ITEM NO: BOS/05/02

To Consider and approve the Action taken report of the 4th Board of studies, Faculty of Law

Resolution: Noted & Approved.

3. ITEM NO: BOS/05/03

To Consider and approve the syllabus and teaching scheme course of LL.M (1Years) Criminal and Security Laws, Business and Corporate Laws , Intellectual Property Laws Offline/ Online (hybrid)

Resolution: Assessment procedure:

FIRST SEMESTER

Task	Task type	Task mode	Weightage (%)
A1. Project / Presentation	Individual	Assignment & Presentation	10
A2. Coursera	Individual	Coursera Certificate Compulsory in Paper-II	10
A3. Teaching	Individual	UG Teaching	10
A4. End-term exam	Individual	Written (short/long)	70

Sl. No	Component of assessment	Marks allotted	Type Assessment	Scheme of Examination
1	Internal	30	Continuous evaluation	Assignment & Presentation (10) + Coursera (10) + UG Teaching (10)
	Semester-end examination	70	End semester exam	Five out of 4 questions =2*17,2*18=70 marks
		100		

SECOND SEMESTER

Task	Task type	Task mode	Weightage (%)
A1. Project / Presentation	Individual	One Compulsory Publication from respective specialization in reputed impact journals	20
A2. Teaching	Individual	UG Teaching	10
A3. End-term exam	Individual	Written (short/long)	70

Sl. No	Component of assessment	Marks allotted	Type Assessment	Scheme of Examination
1	Internal	30	Continuous evaluation	Compulsory Publication (20 Marks) + UG Teaching (10 Marks)
	Semester-end examination	70	End semester exam	Five out of 4 questions =2*17,2*18=70 marks

4. ITEM NO: BOS/05/04
To Consider and approve Examiner Panel for A.Y 2024-25.

Resolution: Noted & Approved.

5. ITEM NO.: BOS/05/05

To Consider and approve Academic Calendar for A.Y 2024-25.

Resolution: Noted & Approved.

7. ITEM NO.: BOS/04/06

To Consider and approve DRC Status of PhD scholars admitted in faculty of Law from 2022-2023 and 2023-2024 till to date

Resolution: Dr Dixit presented the data of total enrolled PhD students in the Faculty of Law and informed the committee about the course work completion of two batches, and about the total number of DRC completed in each batch. The BoS member had gone through the entire data, and they were happy with the number of students admitted to PhD course. A suggestion for addition of few new courses, like Nutrition and Dietetics and food technology was given by the committee member.

PhD Student Details

Year	Batch	Admitted Students	Students Cancelled	Course Work Completed	DRC
2022-23	1	47	01	Yes	3
	2	19	0	Yes	1
2023-24	1	33	0	No	0

9. ITEM NO.: BOS/05/07

Other item with the permission of Chair.

Resolution: The Meeting concluded at 1:00 pm with vote of thanks to the chair.

Chairperson

Faculty of Law

DEAN, FACULTY OF LAW
SWAMINARAYAN UNIVERSITY
KALOL, DIST. GANDHINAGAR-382725

27/6/24.

BOARD OF STUDIES - 4

Faculty of Law

22th June 2024 at 12.00 p.m

PRESENT MEMBER ATTENDANCE

SR .No.	Name	Position	Sign
1	Dr. Ravikumar K.	Dean Academics	22/6.
2	Dr. Dixit Patel	Chairperson	22/06
3	Dr. B .H . Rao	Internal Member	
4	Dr. Mahesh Patel	External Expert 1	
5	Dr. Pankaj Modi	External Expert 1	
6	Dr. Kiran Bharathiya	External Expert 2	
7	Dr. Arundhati Dasani	External Expert 3	ABSENT.
8	Dr. Paresh Dobadiya	External Expert 4	

The Agenda for the meeting was as follows:

1. ITEM NO.BOS/05/01

To Consider and conformation of the MOM of the 4rd Board of studies, Faculty of Law held on 16th Dec 2023.

2. ITEM NO: BOS/05/02

Action taken report of the 4rd Board of studies, Faculty of Law

3. ITEM NO: BOS/05/03

To Consider and approve the course of LL.M (1Years) in Criminal and Security Laws, Business and Corporate Laws , Intellectual Property Laws Offline/ Online (hybrid)

4. ITEM NO: BOS/05/04

To Consider and approve Examiner Panel and Paper setter for A.Y 2024-25.

5. ITEM NO.: BOS/05/05

To Consider and approve Academic calendar A.Y 2024-25.

6. ITEM NO.: BOS/05/06

To Consider and approve result analysis A.Y 2023-2024 LL.B Sem 1 & 3, LL.M Sem 1&3

7. ITEM NO.: BOS/05/07

To Consider and approve DRC Status of PhD scholars admitted in faculty of Law from 2022-2023 and 2023-2024 till to date

08. ITEM NO.: BOS/05/08

To Consider and approve Admission status 2023-2024

09. ITEM NO.: BOS/05/09

Any Other item with the permission of Chair.

Dean Academics **Chairperson**

BOARD OF STUDIES - 4

Faculty of Law

22th June 2024 at 12.00 p.m

AGENDA

SR .No.	Name	Position
1	Dr. Ravikumar K.	Dean Academics
2	Dr. Dixit Patel	Chairperson
3	Dr. B .H . Rao	Internal Member
4	Dr. Mahesh Patel	External Expert 1
5	Dr. Pankaj Modi	External Expert 1
6	Dr. Kiran Bharathiya	External Expert 2
7	Dr. Arundhati Dasani	External Expert 3
8	Dr. Paresh Dobadiya	External Expert 4

The Agenda for the meeting ~~was~~ is. as follows:

1. ITEM NO.BOS/05/01

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6. ITEM NO.: BOS/05/06

To Consider and approve result analysis A.Y 2023-2024 LL.B Sem 1 & 3, LL.M Sem 1&3

7. ITEM NO.: BOS/05/07

To Consider and approve DRC Status of PhD scholars admitted in faculty of Law from 2022-2023 and 2023-2024 till to date

08. ITEM NO.: BOS/05/08

To Consider and approve Admission status 2023-2024

09. ITEM NO.: BOS/05/09

Any Other item with the permission of Chair.

Dean Academics 24/6/24.

DEAN, FACULTY OF LAW
SWAMINARAYAN UNIVERSITY
KALOL, DIST. GANDHINAGAR-382725

Chairperson

SWAMINARAYAN UNIVERSITY
THE RESERVIOR OF ALL KNOWLEDGE

SWAMINARAYAN UNIVERSITY

LAW

LL.M. [One Year Degree Program]

[In Three different Specializations]

[Optional Groups]

1. Criminal and Security Laws
2. Business and Corporate Laws
3. Intellectual Property Laws

HANDBOOK OF INFORMATION

2023-24

I. INTRODUCTION:

Swaminarayan University is located at the heart of the peaceful natural atmosphere of Greenwoods in Kalol in Gujarat State. It is established for the purpose of imparting higher education and to promote research.

General norms for LL.M. Course:

The LL.M. Course, is intended to produce Academicians and Lawyers of competence and expertise, as it is imperative that the students should have an in-depth knowledge not only of the Concepts and basic Principles of law, but also of Social, Political and Economic aspects of law, as well as dynamics of law.

Duration of the course:

ONE year divided in **First & Second** semesters.

RULES OF ADMISSION

There shall be Entrance Examination for all students seeking LL.M. admission in the P. G. Department of Law. The candidates passed the recent Entrance examinations i.e. for the same academic year from any other statutory universities or statutory authorities may be exempted from the Swaminarayan University LL. M. Entrance Test if the concerned certificate is produced before admission by claiming relaxation and paying a separate process fee along with application.

The minimum qualification for a candidate of general category making an application for admission to the LL.M degree course is a LL.B. degree of this University or a degree recognized as equivalent thereto. Self attested copies be attached with application.

Students will not be permitted to pursue the LL.M. degree course simultaneously with any other course of this or any other recognized University.

Admission to the LL.M. degree course shall be made for the entire academic year, i.e. for both the First and Second Semesters at the beginningof the academic year at one time.

A Candidate for being eligible for the Second Semester must have successfully kept terms for the First Semester, irrespective of the result of theFirst Semester Examination.

There is a FULL carry on from First to Second Semester. However the students must submit Practical Record Book for Paper VI before a date prescribed by the University.

The Admission for the students of Backward Classes shall be in accordance with the University Rules and the directions of the State/Central Government from time to time. Students applying for admission from these categories must produce Caste Certificate in original. Self attested copy be attached with application

Admission for the students with Disability shall be in accordance with the University Rules based and

the State/Central Government from time to time. Students applying for admission from these categories must produce Disability Certificate 40% minimum in original. Self attested copy be attached with application

The LL.M. course shall consist of General Law Course of 4 papers and any one optional Group of 6 papers from Choice Based Three Optional Groups. In addition, there will be a Compulsory Practical Course in Law and a separate P.G. Level Dissertation of 200 marks. They all will constitute the Single Specialization. Thus a student Opting Optional Group of Intellectual Property Law shall be awarded the Degree of LL. M. [I.P. Law].

The First Semester shall be of THREE General Common Papers ONE fully Internal Practical Paper in Law. Additionally there will be TWO Papers from the Optional Group Specializations selected by the student. Each Paper shall be of 100 Marks. TOTAL 600 Marks.

R 9 [a] A spiral bound Practical/Project Work Book MUST be submitted as an evidence of the completion of the requirements of Paper 7 of each Group

The Second Semester shall be basically of the FOUR selected from the Optional Group Specializations. Each Paper shall be of 100 Marks. Additionally there shall be a Dissertation and a Viva Marks [150 + 50 = 200]

R 10 [a] All research projects, dissertations &other research assignments are required to be in accordance with the University Grants Commission (Promotion of Academic Integrity & Prevention of Plagiarism in Higher Educational Institutions) Regulation 2018.

R10 [b] [As per these directions, the plagiarism must be checked and it must be less than 10% of the whole contents for allowing a Dissertation to be kept for a Viva. This stage does not entitle a candidate for a degree but he/she becomes eligible to present for a Viva. The recommendations of the Experts on the dissertation are taken in Average for passing in this semester]

R10 [c] A Durable Bound LL.M. Dissertation MUST be submitted along with Soft Copies as an evidence of the completion of the requirements of Paper CBCS of each Group for Semester IV. Without submission of the Dissertation as per the guidance of the Professor –in charge, the student is not eligible for Viva. Dissertation and a Viva Marks [150 + 50 = 200]

R10 [d] The passing of this paper requires 75 marks minimum in Dissertation and 25 marks minimum in Viva. They are separate heads of passing.

R.10 [e] The students of LL.M., in order to pass, MUST get minimum 50% of marks in each head of passing. After the First Semester, the Mark Sheet issued by the University will only show acquired marks and not the percentage or a Grade. Accumulative Mark Sheet given at the end of the Second Semester will show the percentage as well as the acquired by the students based on both the semesters. It will be as follows

(a) Passing Standards:

50% to 59% Second Class
60%and above First Class
75 % and above Distinction

The **CURRICULUM** SUMMARY is as follows -

[A] GENERAL PAPERS - For LL.M I [Semester I]

[COMMON TO ALL OPTIONAL GROUPS]

1. Research Methods and Legal Writing
2. System of Governance
3. Law and Justice in a Globalised World
4. Practical Work in Law

[B] OPTIONAL GROUPS

[SPECIALIZATIONS] [For LL.M. Semester II]

GROUP 1 Criminal and Security Law.

GROUP 2 Businesses and Corporate Law

GROUP 3 Intellectual Property Laws

[Each Group is a Specialization consisting of SIX Papers]

[C] DISSERTATION AND VIVA

Rule 11 No LL.M. student shall be allowed to appear for the examination unless he/she has attended 75% of the total number of lectures and seminars conducted in each Semester.

(a) No Class will be awarded to the students in the First Semester examination.

(b) The Class will be awarded on the basis of the total performance of the student in BOTH Semesters. However, a student claiming exemption will be titled to pass class only.

(c) To pass LL.M. examination, a student must obtain a minimum of 45 percent of the marks in each paper and 50 percent in aggregate in each of the Semester.

(d) Dissertation shall be evaluated by a team of teacher of the concerned group and external expert nominated by the Head of the Department. The Marks shall be awarded after joint consultation by both the evaluators.

(e) A student may be exempted at his choice from appearing in any of the papers, if he has secured at least 50% of the total marks in that paper.

(f) Students failing in Dissertation/Project and Viva Examination in the Fourth Semester shall undergo again the Dissertation and Viva as the case may be.

(g) The final approved dissertation shall be submitted on CD in addition to two hard copies. The same procedure shall apply to failure in Choice based credits.

(h) The candidates having passed LL.M. examination and awarded a Degree Certificate may apply in a specific form along with a specified fee for **Grade Improvement**. He /she have to select any 50% of total papers from all the LL.M. course of two years excluding Practical Work and Dissertation. In other words any FIVE theoretical papers from the entire LLM Program. His/her improved marks, if any, will be substituted in the Amended Mark Sheet issued under this Rule R.11 [h]. If he/she secures less than the previously obtained marks, such performance is ignored. Provided further that only ONE chance will be given to the LL.M. recent pass out within three years from passing of Sabarmati University. Other University LL.M. passed candidates cannot apply under this Rule.

(i) The medium of course is English only.



SWAMINARAYAN UNIVERSITY
THE RESERVIOR OF ALL KNOWLEDGE

SYLLABUS
and
REGULATIONS
for
MASTER OF LAWS

[One Year Regular Degree Program]

[LL.M. in Criminal and Security Laws]

LL.M (One Year) – Criminal and Security Law

Semester I

Paper Code	Paper Title	UE	IA	Total
GEN 101	Research Methods and Legal Writing	70	30	100
GEN 102	System of Governance	70	30	100
GEN 103	Law and Justice in a Globalised World	70	30	100
CSL 104	Crime and Administration of Criminal Justice in India	70	30	100
CSL 105	Law and Organized Crime	70	30	100
GEN 106	Practical Work in Law	--	100	100

Semester II

Paper Code	Paper Title	UE	IA	Total
CSL 201	Penology: Treatment of Offenders	70	30	100
CSL 202	Privileged Class Deviance	70	30	100
CSL 203	Crime and Investigation in ICT Era	70	30	100
CSL 204	International Criminal Justice System	70	30	100
GEN 205/6	Dissertation & Viva	150	50	200

Explanations

* UE = University Examination

* IA = Internal Assessment

Mode of Evaluation and Distribution of Marks

Each course shall carry total of 100 marks. There shall be semester end written examination for all the courses conducted by the University for 70 Marks. In each course in each semester there shall be Internal Assessment [IA] of 30 marks. [Test 10 Marks + Tutorial 10 Marks + Viva].

Every student in order to pass in LL.M. must secure at least 50 % of marks in each head of passing. UE and IA are separate heads of passing. [i.e 35 marks minimum in university examination and 15 marks minimum in internal assessment]

(b) Passing Standards:

50% to 59% Second
Class 60% and above
First Class
75% and above DISTINCTION

NB [Each Course is of 5 Credits]
Semester I i.e. 101 -106 = 30 Credits
Semester II i.e. 201 – 206 = 30 Credits.
TOTAL COURSE = 60 Credits

Paper – I

Subject: Research Methods and Legal Writing Paper Code: GEN-101

Objective: This paper will make students understand research methodology and different components of legal research and their application. The paper will attempt to instill rational tools of analysis in the students so that their research contributes to the development of socio-legal dimensions.

Unit – I: Precepts

a. Nature, Scope and Objectives of Legal Research and Methodology
b. Methods of Legal Research
c. Collaborative Research
d. Doctrinal and Non-Doctrinal

Unit - II: Research Designs

a. Identification and Formulation of Research Problem
b. Hypothesis and Research Design (Characteristics and contents)
c. Database for Legal Research: Legislations, Judicial Decisions, Juristic Writings and Traditional and Online Databases

Unit - III: Research Techniques

a. Methodology: Tool and Techniques for collection of data, collection of case materials and juristic literature, use of historical and comparative research material and use of questionnaire and interview.
b. Census and Survey
c. Sampling: Types, Merits and Demerits
d. Observation
e. Interview, Questionnaire

Unit – IV: Data Processing Report Writing

a. Data Analysis and Interpretation
b. Report Writing
c. Supervision
d. Guidelines for researchers
e. Research Ethics

Text Books:

1. S.K. Verma and M. Afzal Wani (Eds.) *Legal Research and Methodology,* Indian Law Institute (2001) 2nd Edition.
2. Goode and Hatt, „*Methods in Social Research*", Singapore, Mc. Graw Hill Book Co., 1985 (reprint).

References:

1. Baxi, Upendra, „*Socio-Legal Research in India – A Program Schriff*, ICSSR, Occasional Monograph, 1975.
2. Cohen, Morris L., „*Legal Research*", Minnesota, West Publishing Co. 1985.
3. Ghosh, B.N., „*Scientific Method and Social Research*", New Delhi, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 1984.
4. Johari J.C. (ed), „*Introduction to the Method of Social Sciences*", New Delhi, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd. 1988.
5. Kothari C.K., „*Research Methodology: Method and Techniques*", New Delhi, Wiley Eastern Ltd., 1980.
6. Stone, Julius, „*Legal System and Lawyer"s Reasoning*", Sydney, Maitland Publications, 1968.

Paper – II

Subject: System of Governance **Paper Code: GEN-102**

Objective: The objective is to enable the students understands and appreciate various forms and systems of Governance. The students should particularly appreciate the role of judicial institutions in promotion of governance, its limitations and challenges.

Unit - I : Introduction

a. Meaning and Concept of Governance
b. Systems of Governance
c. Constitutional Governance: Democracy, Rule of Law and Separation of Powers
d. Law and Governance in India

Unit - II : Federalism as a Pattern of Governance

a.Nature and Principles of Federal Governance : Classical and Modern
b.Comparative Analysis of American, Canadian and Indian Systems
c.Corporative Federalism in India: Legislative, Administrative and Financial Relations between Union and States.

Unit - III: Judicial process and its role in Governance

a. Concept and Practice of Judicial Review in India and USA
b. Judicial Accountability, Administrative and Parliamentary Ethics
c. Role of Judiciary in Promoting Governance: Human Rights, Criminal Justice System, Environment, Public Health etc.
d. Research and Development in Governance

Unit-IV: Emerging Trends and Challenges to Governance

a. Challenges to Governance: Corruption, Criminalization, Caste, Poverty, Terrorism etc.
b. State Responsibility & PPP
c. Principles of compensatory discrimination, Religious and Linguistic Minorities
d. Role of Media in Governance

Text Books:

1. Joseph Minattur, *Indian Legal System*, ILI Publication, 2006 (2nd Revised Edn)
2. Allot, A.N. "African Law", in J.D. M. Derret, Ed., *An Introduction to Legal Systems(*London: Sweet & Maxwell, 1968), 131.

3. ASEAN Law Association, *ASEAN Legal Systems* (Hong Kong/Malaysia/Singapore: Butterworths, 1995).
4. Basu, D. D., *Comparative Federalism,* New Delhi: Prentice-Hall, 1987.
5. Baxi, U., "The Colonial Heritage", in Legrand, P. and Munday, R., eds.,*ComparativeLegal Studies: Traditions and Transitions* (Cambridge University Press, 2003), 46.

References:

1. C. H. MellWain, *Constitutionalism: Ancient and Modern*. (1947).
2. A. V. Dicey, *Introduction to the Study of Law of the Constitution*. (1982) Edition.
3. Lary Alexander (ed). *Constitutionalism: Philosophical Foundations*. Cambridge. (1998)
4. M. P. Singh „*Constitution of India*. 11th Ed. 2008, Eastern Book Co.
5. K. C. Wheare. *Federal Government*. Ch. 1 & 2, 4th Edition 1963.
6. M. P. Singh. *Federalism, Democracy and Human Rights*. 47 J.I.L.I. 47 (2005).
7. Parmanand Singh „*Social Rights and Good Governance In* C. Raj Kumar and D. K. Srivastava (ed.) *Human rights and Development: Law, Policy andGovernance* Ch.24 pp.437-54. Lexis Nexis. Hong Kong. (2006).
7. Parmanand Singh „*Hunger Amidst Plenty: Reflections on Law, Poverty andGovernance*. 48, J.I.L.I. PP 57-77. (2006).
8. Virendra Kumar. *Dynamics of Reservation Policy: Towards a More Inclusive SocialOrder*, 50, J.I.L.I. PP 478-517. (2007).
9. Virendra Kumar, *Minorities" Rights to Run Educational Institutions*: T. M. A. Pai Foundation in Perspective. 45, J.I.L.I. PP 200-238. (2003).
10. Parmanand Singh „*Equality and Compensatory Discrimination: The IndianExperience*, *In* Choklingam and C. Raj Kumar (ed) *Human rights, Criminal Justice and Constitutional Empowerment*, Chapter 7, Oxford, Delhi. (2006).
11. Parmanand Singh. *Protecting the Rights of the Disadvantaged Groups ThroughPublic Interest Litigation*, in M. P. Singh et al (ed), *Human Rights and Basic Needs:*
Theory and Practice, Universal Law Publishing Company, New Delhi, PP 305-329.(2008).
12. Balakrishnan, K. G. „*Judiciary in India: Problems and Prospects*. 50, J.I.L.I. PP 461-467 (2008).

Paper – III

Subject: Law and Justice in a Globalised World **Paper Code: GEN-103**

Objectives: The students should understand the process of globalization in all its dimensions and perspectives, they should particularly appreciate the globalization in the context of law and justice and the *vice versa* i.e. the law and justice in the context of globalization.

Unit-I: Justice in Globalising World: Existing Scenario

a. Globalisation as Process
b. Existing Scenarios and Issues: Economic, Social, Political
c. Rethinking the Idea of Just World Order

Unit-II: Mechanism of Justice under International Legal Regime

a. United Nations'' Institutional Mechanism
b. Responsibility of Nation States
c. Challenges and the Way Forward

Unit-III: Globalisation and National Justice Delivery System

a. Avoidance of National Jurisdictions
b. Intervention of International Human Rights Regime
c. Third World Perspectives to Globalisation

Unit-IV: Emerging Initiatives for Justice(Lectures 10)

a. MNCs and CSRs
b. Other New Initiatives
c. Global *Ombudsman*
d. Protection of Faiths and Culture

Text Books:

1. Kai Ambos, Judith Large, MariekeWierda, *Building a Future on Peace and Justice:Studies on Transitional Justice, Peace and Development The Nuremberg Declaration on Peace and Justice*, Springer Science & Business Media, 2008
2. Andrew Byrnes, Mika Hayashi, Christopher Michaelsen, *International Law in theNew Age of Globalization,* MartinusNijhoff Publishers, 2013

References:

1. Joseph Stiglitz, *Making Globalisation Work: The Next Step to Global Justice*, Pengiun 2007
2. Antony Anghie (Editor), *The Third World and International Order: Law, Politics,and Globalization,* Kluwer Law International, 2003

Paper-IV **Paper Code: CSL 104**

Subject : Crime and Administration of Criminal Justice in India

Objective: The objective of the present course is to enable and equip the students not only to effectively evaluate the contemporary criminal justice system-their policies and practices but also research and critically analyze the lacunae in criminal justice services.

Unit -1- Introduction

(a) Crime : Concepts, principles-*actusreus, mensrea*,strict liability, absolute liability, exclusion of *mensrea* classification , trends and prevention

(b) Relationship between Crime and society

(c) Schools of Criminology-Neo classical ,Biological, Sociological, Psychological theories and concepts related to crime and criminals, Contemporary thoughts of criminology.

Unit-II- Criminal Proceedings in India

(a) Police Investigation: FIR, arrest, bail, confessions of the accused and statements of the witnesses, witness protection, search, seizures.

(b) Prosecutors –role in the criminal proceedings, meaning purpose and need of independent prosecution system.

(c) Attitude of the law towards the police : police dilemma

(d) Criminal justice reform- Malimath Committee Recommendations

Unit III- Criminal Judicial System and Social Defence

(a) Public Interest Litigation

(b) Bail Justice System

(c) Prison Justice

(d) Compensation to victims of crime

(e) Legal aid and legal services.

UNIT-IV- Human rights under criminal justice system

(a) Communal and caste violence

(b) Rule of law and due process of law in criminal jurisprudence

(c) Punitive and preventive detention –procedure and safeguards

(d) UDHR, ICCPR, ICESCR –legal significance in Indian context

Text Books:

1. RatanLal Law of Criminal Procedure
2. Sarkar, Law of Evidence

References:

3. Tapas Kumar Banerjee Background to Indian Criminal Law [1990]
4. K N ChandrasekharanPillai [ed.] R V Kelkar's Outline of Criminal Procedure [2000] Eastern Book House
5. Law of Commission of India, forty-second Report Ch. 3 [197 1
6. Malimath Committee Report 2004
7. Patric Devlin The Criminal Prosecution in England
8. Sanders and Young Criminal Justice [1994]
9. P D Sharam Police and Criminal Justice System in India
10. Agarwal, H.O. Implementation of Human Rights Covenants with Special Reference to India(New Delhi: D.K. Publishers, 1993)
11. Aroras, Nirman, "Custodial torture in Police Stations in India: A Radical Assessment", Journal of Indian Law Institute, vol.41, nos.3, and 4, 1999, pp. 513-29

Paper-V Paper **Code: CSL 105**

Subject: Law and Organized Crime

Objective: The objective is to enable the students understands and appreciate broad classification of organized crime and their respective causes .The students should particularly appreciate the role of judicial Institutions and investigating authorities in this regard for preventing & control strategies.

Unit-I: Introduction to Organized Crime

a. Definition & scope of organized crime
b. Types & characteristics of organized crime
c. Causes of organized crime
d. Comparison between white-collar crime, corporate crime, and organized crime

Unit-II: Scope of Organized Crime in India(Lectures 10)

a. Drug Addiction, trafficking –national & international legal perspective
b. Illicit trafficking of women & children, prostitution
c. Economic crime, money laundering, scams, Hawala& Counterfeiting of Currency
d. Nexus of Organized crime and politics

Unit-III: Legal Analysis, Investigation & Prosecution of Organized Crime

a. Mensrea, modus operandi & criminal conspiracy in organized crime
b. Role of Police in Investigation of organized crime
c. Role of Judiciary, Trial and Sentencing in organized crime
d. Legal issues under IPC and Indian Evidence Act.

Unit-IV: Organized Crime, Threat to National Security & Preventive Action

a. Close linkage between organized crime and terrorism – special reference to

Gujarat Control of Terrorism and Organized Crime Bill 2015.

b. Issues & law related to Internal Security - The National Security Act, 1980.
c. Armed Forces (Special Powers) Act (AFSPA) 1958

Text Books:-

1.C.K. Gandhirajan, 2003, Organized Crime, APH Publishing Corporation, Tamil Nadu.

2. Patrick J. Ryan,1997, Understanding Organized Crime in Global Perspective: A reader, Sage Publications, California.

3. Russell,2012, On Crime, Universal Law Publishing Company, New Delhi

4. Jay Albanese, Philip Reich, Transnational Organized Crime- An Overview from Six Continents.

References:-

1. P M Nair, Combating organized crime, Konark Publishers, New Delhi.

2. N. Prabha Unnithan,2013, Crime and Justice in India, Sage Publications ,Colorado State University, Fort Collins

3. Pace, Denny F, 1975, Organized Crime: Concept and Control, Prentice Hall Englewood Cliffs

4. P.M Nair &Sankar Sen, 2005, Trafficking in Women and Children in India, Orient Blackswan Publication.
5. Frank Madsen, 2008,Transnational Organized Crime, Global Institutions, New Delhi.

6. International and Transnational Criminal Law by David Luban , Julie R. O'Sullivan, David P. Stewart
7. Transnational Organized Crime: A Commentary on the United Nations Convention and its Protocols (Oxford Commentaries on International Law) Hardcover – May 17, 2007 by David McClean, Oxford University Press (May 17, 2007)

8. U Baxi - Dissent, Development and Violence' in R Meagher [ed.] Law and Social Change: Indo American Reflection 92 [1988]

9. R Desai Violation of Democratic Rights in India [1986]

[P VI] COMPULSORY PRACTICAL WORK IN LAW [GEN 106]

In addition there shall be compulsory practical work of 100 marks

[A] Classroom Teaching [2 Lectures] & Seminar/Webinar [2] – 40 marks (10 marks each)

[B] Practical Components comprising of 50 marks tothe students from thefollowing Component.

[C] Viva 10 marks

DETAILS OF PRACTICAL COMPONENTS:

1. Legal Aid Clinic Participation in One Program [10 marks]
2. Loopholes / Lacunae in existing laws and reports [10 marks]
3. Comparative study and its utility in context of India [10 marks]
4. Debate on any contemporary legal issue [10 marks]
5. Book Review / Group Discussion on current Legal Affairs [10 marks]
6. Case Studies on any ONE recent Supreme Court Judgment [10 marks]

NOTE 1 Publication of ONE Article/Research Paper in an ISBN/UGC Referred Journal along with the name of the Guiding Professor is compulsory. A Copy of Journal to be produced. In case the student has participated in the seminar/webinar above mentioned in the earlier point by writing an Article, he/she has to produce Souvenir and the concerned pages of his article to be bound in Practical Book.

NOTE 2 For the purpose of above, as far as possible the students should attend State/National Level Law seminars/webinars. However the student by taking the permission of the Professor in Charge/Dean can attend/publish at an Interdisciplinary seminar/webinar of social/natural sciences.

N. B. A spiral bound Practical/Project Work Book MUST be submitted as an evidence of the completion of the requirements of Paper 7 of each Group.

Paper-VII Paper Code: CSL 201

Subject : Penology: Treatment of Offender

Objective:.The objective of this course is to make the students aware about the criminal policies including theories of punishment, approaches to sentencing and the problematic of discretion in the sentencing. It also provides the knowledge about the treatment of theoffenders under imprisonment and alternative to imprisonment.

Unit-I Introduction

I. Nature and Scope of Penology.

II. Historical and contemporary approaches to Penology.

III. Correctional philosophy of offenders.

Unit-II Approaches to Punishment

I. Theories of Punishment.

a) Retribution

b) Utilitarian, Prevention, Deterrence

c) Reformative Theory

d) Hindu and Islamic Approaches to Punishment

II. Policy and Practice of Sentencing in India

a) Capital Punishment

b) Other kinds of Punishment

c) Care of Victims.

Unit-III Treatment of Offenders

a) Prison administration and Policy in India.

b) Treatment of Women Prisoners.

c) Parole and Probation.

d) Alternate Sentencing, Open Prison.

Unit-IV Juvenile Justice in India

I. Law on Juvenile Justice.

II. Reformation of Juvenile Offenders.

III. Working of Correctional Homes.

Text Books :

1. Ahmad Siddique, revised by S.M.A. Qadri, "*Criminology& Penology* " (6th edition 2009, reprint 2014)
2. Dr. Rajendera Kumar Sharma, "*Criminology and Penology"* (1998)

References:

3. J. C. Chaturvedi, "*Penology And Correctional Administration* "(2006)
4. GirjeshShukla, "*Criminology- Crime Causation, Sentencing and Rehabilitation of Victims*" (2013)
5. GirishKathpalia, "*Criminology and Prison Reforms*" (2014)
6. K.S. Chhabbra, "*The Quantum of Punishment in Criminal Law"* (1970)
7. H.L.A. Hart, "*Punishment and Responsibility"* (1968)
8. Alf Ross, On Guilt, "*Responsibility and Punishment"* (1975)
9. *Law Commission of India, Forty-Second Report* Ch. 3 (1971)
10. Tapas Kumar Banerjee, "*Background to Indian Criminal Law"* (1990)
11. A.Siddique , *"Criminology"* (1984)
12. U. Baxi, *"Dissent, Development and Violence"* in *R.Meaghar (ed.) Law and Social Change : Indo-Americal Reflection* 92 (1988)
13. UpendraBaxi, "*The Crisis of the Indian Legal Syslern* "(1982)
14. Juvenile Justice (care & Protection of Children) Act, 2000.
15. KAPLAN, Howard B " *Patterns of juvenile delinquency*" (Sage Pub., Beverly Hills, 1984)

16. United Nations Beijing Rules on Treatment of Young Offenders (1985)

Paper-VIII Paper Code: CSL 202

Subject :Privileged Class Deviance

Objective: This course enables the student to appreciate the issues of diversity, including but not limited to the gender, race, ethnic, cultural and class issues, in the administration of criminal justice

Unit –I – Introduction

(a) Meaning of Deviance and deviant behavior and its sociology.

(b) Privileged class Deviance : Concept and Nature

(c) Approaches towards socio economic offences

(d) Understanding privileged class of deviance in context of Indian Development.

(e) Typical forms –official and professional deviance

(f) Politics and Crime

Unit –II- Official Deviance and Professional Deviance

(a) Concept of Official Deviance –Permissible limits of discretionary powers

(b) The Chambal valley dacoit Vinoba Mission and Jai PrakashNarainMission in 11959 and 1971.

(c) The Chagla Commission Report on LIC –Mundra Affair

(d) The Das Commission Report on Pratap Singh Kairon

(e) The Grover Commission Report on Dev Raj Urs

(f) The Maruti Commission Report

(g) The Ibakkar –Natarajan Report Commission Report on Fairfax.

Unit-III- Professional Deviance-

(a) Professional deviance –unethical practices at the Indian Bar,

(b) The Lentin Commission Report,

(c) The Press Council on Unprofessional and unethical

Journalism, Medical Malpractice.

(d) Trade Union Deviance

(e) Police Deviance – restraints on the powers of police in Indian legal system, "various forms of custodial violence and its constitutionality, police atrocities, Encounters and plea of superior orders, Rape and related forms of gender based aggression by police and paramilitary forces, police reforms .

(f) Gender based aggression by socially, economically and politically powerful

Unit –IV- Legal and Judicial Response to Privileged Class Deviance

(a) Right to information

(b) Prevention of Corruption Act –investigation and trial

(c) Vigilance Commission

(d) Ombudsman , Public Accounts Committee

Text Books:

1. B.B. Pande, 'The Nature and Dimensions of Privileged Class Deviance" in The Other Side of Development 136 (1987; K.S. Shukla ed.).
2. UpendraBaxi, The Crisis of the Indian Legal Syslern (1982) VikasPublisnlng House, New Delhi.

References:

3. Upendra Baxi (ed.), Law and Poverty: Essays (1988)
4. Upendra Baxi, Liberty and Corruption: The Antulay Case and Beyond (1989)
5. K.S. Shukla, "Sociology of Deviant Behaviour" in 3 ICSSR Survey' of Sociology and Social Anthropology 1969-179 (1986)
6. Dwevedi and G S Bhargava Political Corruption in India [1967]
7. A R Desai [ed.] Violation of Democratic Rights in India [1986]
8. A G Noorani Minister's Misconduct [1974]
9. H S Becker Outsiders : The Studies in Sociology of Deviance [1966]
10. P R Rajgopal Violence and Response : A Critique of the Indian Criminal System [1988]

Paper-IX Paper Code: CSL 203

Subject - Crime and Investigation in ICT Era

Objective: The objective of the paper is to acquaint students with interface of Information Communication Technology (ICT) and the traditional concepts of crime.

Unit I - Nature and Scope of ICT

i. Introduction to Information Technology
ii. Nature and functioning of Cyberspace
iii. Various platforms available in ICT:
    a. Social media
    b. Cloud computing
    c. Internet of things
    d. Intermediaries
    e. Virtual games, etc.
iv. Nature and Extent of misuse of ICT
v. Stakeholders of Cyber world
vi. Development of Cyber laws

Unit II- Cyber Crime

i. Evolution of Cyber crime
ii. Characterization and Classification of Cyber crimes
    1. Cyber crime against women
    2. Cyber crime against child
    3. Cyber crime against society
    4. Cyber war, Cyber Terrorism
    5. Cyber fraud
iii. The Challenges of Cyber Crime
iv. Legislative and judicial response to Cyber Crime

Unit III - Criminal Justice System and Cyber Crime

i. Applicability of Criminal Procedure Code
ii. Challenges in investigation of Cyber Crime
iii. Evidentiary regime and the internet
iv. Admissibility, Burden of proof and Authenticity

v. Forensic computing

Unit IV - International Response to Cybercrime

i. International Cyber crimes
ii. Global Problems relating to Cybercrime
iii. International law and Cyber Crime
iv. Regional Cooperation relating to Cyber Crime

Text Books

1. M. Dasgupta, PranayChaturvedi, AnkurDalal, *Cyber Crime in India: A Comparative study*, Eastern Law House, 2009.
2. Robert Moore, *Cyber crime: Investigating High Technology Computer Crime*, RoutledgeTylor&Fornis Group, 2011
3. Jody R. Westby, *International Guide to Combating cyber Crime*, American Bar association, 2003

References

1. NandanKamath, *Law Relating to Computers Internet & E-Commerce*, Universal law Publishing Co. Ltd (Latest edition).
2. Justice Yatindra Singh, *Cyber Laws* Universal Law Publishing Co. Ltd .
3. Jonathan Rosenoer, *Cyber Law: The Law of Internet*
5. Vakul Sharma, *Information Technology – Law & Practice*
6. David S. Wall, *The Transformation of Crime in the information Age,* Polity Press, 2007
7. Susan W. Brenner, *Cybercrime and the Law: Challenge, Issues and outcomes*, North-Eastern University Press.
8. Danielle Keats Citron, *Hate Crimes in Cyberspace*, Harvard University Press, 2014
9. R. K. Dubey, *An Introduction to Cyber crime and Cyber law*, Kamal Law House, 2009
10. K. Jaishankar, *Cyber Criminology; Exploring Internet Crimes and Criminal Behavior,* CRC Press, 2011
11. Jonathan Clough, *Principles of Cyber crime*, Cambridge Press Univesrity, 2010
12. Dr. AmitVerma, *Cyber crime and Law*, Central Law Publications
13. Douglas Thomas & Brian D. Loader, *Cyber Crime: Law Enforcement, Security And Surveillance in The Information Age,* Routledge, 2003

Paper- X Paper Code: CSL 204

Subject : International Criminal Justice System

Objective: The subject focuses on the institutional developments in international criminal law as well as the definition and application of the crimes of genocide, crimes against humanity, war crimes The objective is to develop students' analytical skills in relation of the function, scope and operation of the international criminal justice system and its likely future development, as well as to enable students to apply the law to the various situations.

Unit-I: Development of International criminal law

a. The concept and sources of International Criminal Law
b. Evolution of the Concept of Individual Criminal Responsibility
c. The objectives and policies of International Criminal Law; including issues of amnesty, truth and justice
d. Principle of Liability and Participation in International Criminal Law
e. International Military Tribunals (Nuremberg and Tokyo Tribunals).

Unit-II: Nature and forms of International Crimes

a. The crime of aggression, Genocide, War crimes, Terrorism as International crime
b. Mechanism in dealing cases related to International Crime
c. Rights of Accused and Protection of Victims and Witnesses
d. Obligation of State Parties and Non Party States to International Criminal Court
e. Emerging issues under International Criminal Jurisprudence.

Unit-III: Strategies for Prevention, Control and Correctional Actions

a. Extradition Act 1962 (Relevant Provisions) and Extradition Treaty
b. International investigative agencies (Interpol etc), Adjudication authorities (including ad hoc and permanent criminal tribunals),
c. Conflicting issues between International humanitarian law and International Crimes (Case Study).
d. Sentencing policy, prosecution in International crime

Unit-IV: Organized Crime in Transnational Jurisdiction

a. Features of transnational organized crime
b. Indians perspective on transnational organizedcrime
c. Naples Declaration and Global Action Plan 24 Dec. 1994
d. Role of United Nations in preventing International crime

Text Books:-

1. Robert Cryer, HakanFriman, Darryl Robinson, An Introduction to International Criminal Law and Procedure Paperback – June 28, 2010, Cambridge University Press, 2003.
2. Philippe Sands, From Nuremberg to the Hague: The Future of InternationalCriminal Justice, Cambridge University Press, 2003

References:

1. The International Criminal Court: Challenges to Achieving Justice and Accountability in the 21st Century by Mark S. Ellis; Richard J. Goldstone. International Debate Education Association, 2008

2. International Criminal Law: Cases and Commentary (Paperback) By (author) Antonio Cassese, By (author) Guido Acquaviva, By Mary De Ming Fan, Alex Whiting

4. An Introduction to Transnational Criminal Law (Paperback) by Neil Boister

5. The International Criminal Court: A Commentary on the Rome Statute (Oxford Commentaries on International Law) By William A. Schabas

6. An Introduction to the International Criminal Court By William A. Schabas

7. International and Transnational Criminal Law by David Luban, Julie R. O'Sullivan, David P. Stewart

8.Transnational Organized Crime- An Overview from Six Continents by Jay Albanese, Philip Reichel 10. Transnational Organized Crime: A Commentary on the United Nations Convention and its Protocols (Oxford Commentaries on International Law) Hardcover – May 17, 2007 by David McClean, Oxford University Press (May 17, 2007)

11. Handbook of Transnational Crime and Justice by Jay Albanese, Philip Reichel,Sage Publication.

Paper XI/XII

Subject: Dissertation **Paper Code: GEN 205/6**

The evaluation of the Dissertation and Viva Voce will be conducted by a Board of Examiners comprising of Dean, Supervisor and senior faculty member and an External Examiner with the approval of the Hon"ble Provost.

Dissertation 150 Marks + Viva 50 =200

Note 1: All research projects, dissertations &other research assignments are required to be in accordance with the University Grants Commission (Promotion of Academic Integrity & Prevention of Plagiarism in Higher Educational Institutions) Regulation 2018.

[As per these directions, the plagiarism must be checked and it must be less than 10% of the whole contents for allowing a Dissertation to be kept for a Viva. This stage does not entitle a candidate for a degree but he/she becomes eligible to present for a Viva. The recommendations of the Experts on the dissertation are taken in Average for passing in this semester]

N. B. A Durable Bound LL.M. Dissertation MUST be submitted along with Soft Copies as an evidence of the completion of the requirements of Paper CBCS of each Group for Semester II. Without submission of the Dissertation as per the guidance of the Professor in charge, the student is not eligible for Viva. The passing of this paper requires 75 marks minimum in Dissertation and 25 marks minimum in Viva. They are separate heads of passing.



SWAMINARAYAN UNIVERSITY

THE RESERVIOR OF ALL KNOWLEDGE

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for

MASTER OF LAWS

[One Year Regular Degree Program]

[LL.M. in Business and Corporate Laws]

LL.M (One Year) – Business & Corporate Law

Semester I

Paper Code	Paper Title	UE	IA	Total
GEN 101	Research Methods and Legal Writing	70	30	100
GEN 102	System of Governance	70	30	100
GEN 103	Law and Justice in a Globalised World	70	30	100
BCL 104	Law of Corporate Management and Governance	70	30	100
BCL 105	Competition Law & Consumer Protection Laws	70	30	100
GEN 106	Practical Work in Law	100	--	--

Semester II

Paper Code	Paper Title	UE	IA	Total
BCL 201	Regulation of Capital Market and Foreign Investment in Business	70	30	100
BCL 202	Taxation Aspects of Business	70	30	100
BCL 203	Banking and Insurance Laws	70	30	100
BCL 204	Law of Corporate Finance and Securities Regulation	70	30	100
GEN 205/6	Dissertation	150	50	200

Explanations
UE = University Examination
IA = Internal Assessment

Mode of Evaluation and Distribution of Marks

Each course shall carry total of 100 marks. There shall be semester end written examination for all the courses conducted by the University for 70 Marks. In each course in each semester there shall be Internal Assessment [IA] of 30 marks. [Test 10 Marks + Tutorial 10 Marks + Viva].

Every student in order to pass in LL.M. must secure at least 50 % of marks in each head of passing. UE and IA are separate heads of passing. [i.e 35 marks minimum in university examination and 15 marks minimum in internal assessment]

(c) Passing Standards:

50% to 59% Second class
60% and above First Class
75% and above DISTINCTION

NB [Each Course is of 5 Credits]

Semester I i.e. 101 -106 = 30 Credits
Semester II i.e. 201 – 206 = 30 Credits.
TOTAL COURSE = 60 Credits

Paper – I

Subject: Research Methods and Legal Writing **Paper Code: GEN-101**

Objective: This paper will make students understand research methodology and different components of legal research and their application. The paper will attempt to instill rational tools of analysis in the students so that their research contributes to the development of socio-legal dimensions.

Unit – I: Precepts

a. Nature, Scope and Objectives of Legal Research and Methodology
b. Methods of Legal Research
c. Collaborative Research
d. Doctrinal and Non-Doctrinal

Unit - II: Research Designs

a. Identification and Formulation of Research Problem
b. Hypothesis and Research Design (Characteristics and contents)
c. Database for Legal Research: Legislations, Judicial Decisions, Juristic Writings and Traditional and Online Databases

Unit - III: Research Techniques

a. Methodology: Tool and Techniques for collection of data, collection of case materials and juristic literature, use of historical and comparative research material and use of questionnaire and interview.
b. Census and Survey
c. Sampling: Types, Merits and Demerits
d. Observation
e. Interview, Questionnaire

Unit – IV: Data Processing Report Writing

a. Data Analysis and Interpretation
b. Report Writing
c. Supervision
d. Guidelines for researchers
e. Research Ethics

Text Books:

3. S.K. Verma and M. Afzal Wani (Eds.) *Legal Research and Methodology,* Indian Law Institute (2001) 2nd Edition.
4. Goode and Hatt, „*Methods in Social Research*", Singapore, Mc. Graw Hill Book Co., 1985 (reprint).

References:

7. Baxi, Upendra, „*Socio-Legal Research in India – A Program Schriff*, ICSSR, Occasional Monograph, 1975.
8. Cohen, Morris L., „*Legal Research*", Minnesota, West Publishing Co. 1985.
9. Ghosh, B.N., „*Scientific Method and Social Research*", New Delhi, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 1984.
10. Johari J.C. (ed), „*Introduction to the Method of Social Sciences*", New Delhi, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd. 1988.
11. Kothari C.K., „*Research Methodology: Method and Techniques*", New Delhi, Wiley Eastern Ltd., 1980.
12. Stone, Julius, „*Legal System and Lawyer"s Reasoning*", Sydney, Maitland Publications, 1968.

Paper – II

Subject: System of Governance **Paper Code: GEN- 102**

Objective: The objective is to enable the students understands and appreciate various forms and systems of Governance. The students should particularly appreciate the role of judicial institutions in promotion of governance, its limitations and challenges.

Unit - I : Introduction

a. Meaning and Concept of Governance
b. Systems of Governance
c. Constitutional Governance: Democracy, Rule of Law and Separation of Powers
d. Law and Governance in India

Unit - II : Federalism as a Pattern of Governance

a. Nature and Principles of Federal Governance : Classical and Modern
b. Comparative Analysis of American, Canadian and Indian Systems
c. Corporative Federalism in India: Legislative, Administrative and Financial Relations between Union and States.

Unit - III: Judicial process and its role in Governance

a. Concept and Practice of Judicial Review in India and USA
b. Judicial Accountability, Administrative and Parliamentary Ethics
c. Role of Judiciary in Promoting Governance: Human Rights, Criminal Justice System, Environment, Public Health etc.

d. Research and Development in Governance

Unit-IV: Emerging Trends and Challenges to Governance

a. Challenges to Governance: Corruption, Criminalization, Caste, Poverty, Terrorism etc.
b. State Responsibility & PPP
c. Principles of compensatory discrimination, Religious and Linguistic Minorities
d. Role of Media in Governance

Text Books:

1. Joseph Minattur, *Indian Legal System*, ILI Publication, 2006 (2nd Revised Edn)
2. Allot, A.N. "African Law", in J.D. M. Derret, Ed., *An Introduction to Legal Systems (*London: Sweet & Maxwell, 1968), 131.
3. ASEAN Law Association, *ASEAN Legal Systems* (Hong Kong/Malaysia/Singapore: Butterworths, 1995).
4. Basu, D. D., *Comparative Federalism,* New Delhi: Prentice-Hall, 1987.
5. Baxi, U., "The Colonial Heritage", in Legrand, P. and Munday, R., eds., *Comparative Legal Studies: Traditions and Transitions* (Cambridge University Press, 2003), 46.

References:

1. C. H. Mell Wain, *Constitutionalism: Ancient and Modern*. (1947).
2. A. V. Dicey, *Introduction to the Study of Law of the Constitution*. (1982) Edition.
3. Lary Alexander (ed). *Constitutionalism: Philosophical Foundations*. Cambridge. (1998)
4. M. P. Singh „*Constitution of India*. 11th Ed. 2008, Eastern Book Co.
5. K. C. Wheare. *Federal Government*. Ch. 1 & 2, 4th Edition 1963.
6. M. P. Singh. *Federalism, Democracy and Human Rights*. 47 J.I.L.I. 47 (2005).
7. Parmanand Singh „*Social Rights and Good Governance In* C. Raj Kumar and D. K. Srivastava (ed.) *Human rights and Development: Law, Policy and Governance* Ch.24 pp.437-54. Lexis Nexis. Hong Kong. (2006).
8. Parmanand Singh „*Hunger Amidst Plenty: Reflections on Law, Poverty and Governance*. 48, J.I.L.I. PP 57-77. (2006).
9. Virendra Kumar. *Dynamics of Reservation Policy: Towards a More Inclusive Social Order*, 50, J.I.L.I. PP 478-517. (2007).
9. Virendra Kumar, *Minorities" Rights to Run Educational Institutions*: T. M. A. Pai Foundation in Perspective. 45, J.I.L.I. PP 200-238. (2003).
10. Parmanand Singh „*Equality and Compensatory Discrimination: The Indian Experience, In* Choklingam and C. Raj Kumar (ed) *Human rights, Criminal Justice and Constitutional Empowerment*, Chapter 7, Oxford, Delhi. (2006).
11. Parmanand Singh. *Protecting the Rights of the Disadvantaged Groups Through Public Interest Litigation*, in M. P. Singh et al (ed), *Human Rights and Basic Needs: Theory and Practice*, Universal Law Publishing Company, New Delhi, PP 305-329. (2008).
12. Balakrishnan, K. G. „*Judiciary in India: Problems and Prospects*. 50, J.I.L.I. PP 461-467 (2008).

Paper – III

Subject: Law and Justice in a Globalised World **Paper Code: GEN- 103**

Objectives: The students should understand the process of globalization in all its dimensions and perspectives, they should particularly appreciate the globalization in the context of law and justice and the *vice versa* i.e. the law and justice in the context of globalization.

Unit-I: Justice in Globalising World: Existing Scenario

a. Globalisation as Process
b. Existing Scenarios and Issues: Economic, Social, Political
c. Rethinking the Idea of Just World Order

Unit-II: Mechanism of Justice under International Legal Regime

a. United Nations" Institutional Mechanism
b. Responsibility of Nation States
c. Challenges and the Way Forward

Unit-III: Globalisation and National Justice Delivery System

a. Avoidance of National Jurisdictions
b. Intervention of International Human Rights Regime
c. Third World"s Perspectives to Globalisation

Unit-IV: Emerging Initiatives for Justice

a. MNCs and CSRs
b. Other New Initiatives
c. Global *Ombudsman*
d. Protection of Faiths and Culture

Text Books:

1. Kai Ambos, Judith Large, Marieke Wierda, *Building a Future on Peace and Justice: Studies on Transitional Justice, Peace and Development The Nuremberg Declaration on Peace and Justice*, Springer Science & Business Media, 2008
2. Andrew Byrnes, Mika Hayashi, Christopher Michaelsen, *International Law in the New Age of Globalization,* Martinus Nijhoff Publishers, 2013

References:

1. Joseph Stiglitz, *Making Globalisation Work: The Next Step to Global Justice*, Pengiun 2007
2. Antony Anghie (Editor), *The Third World and International Order: Law, Politics, and*

Globalization, Kluwer Law International, 2003

Paper – IV

Subject: Law of Corporate Management and Governance Paper Code: BCL 104

(This Paper should be taught with updated sections of Companies Act, 2013 as and where applicable to the Companies Act, 1956)

Unit - I: Corporate Incorporation and

Management 1.

(i) Certificate of Incorporation
(ii) Memorandum and Articles of Association
(iii) Doctrine of Ultra Vires
(iv) Doctrine of Indoor Management

2.

(i) Directors: Appointment, Removal, Position, Powers and Duties of Directors.
(ii) Audit Committee: Its Role.
(iii) Company Secretary: Qualification, Appointment and Duties
(iv) Officer who is in default: Definition of Officer who is in default
(v) Liability of independent directors.

3.

(i) Types of Meetings

(ii) Procedure of calling meeting

(iii) Company"s resolutions and its kinds

Unit -2 : Oppression & Mismanagement and Investigation

(Sections 397 to 408; Sections 235 to 251)

1.

(i) Rule in Foss v. Harbottle
(ii) Prevention of Oppression
(iii) Prevention of Mismanagement
(iv) Role & Powers of the Company Law Board
(v) Role & Powers of Central Government

2.

(i) Company Investigation

Unit – 3: Corporate Liquidation

1.

(i). Winding up of Companies
(ii). Mode of winding up of the companies
(iii). Compulsory Winding up under the Order of the Tribunal
(iv). Voluntary winding up
(v). Contributories
(vi). Payment of liabilities

Unit -4 : Corporate Governance and Social Responsibility

1.

(i) Importance of Corporate Governance
(ii) Different system of Corporate Governance
(iii) Impact of Legal Traditions and the Rule of Law on Corporate Governance
(iv) Legal Reforms of Corporate Governance in India
(v) Reports of the various Committees on Corporate Governance
(vi) Emerging Trend based on the recommendation of the Committees in the Companies Act 1956 and the Listing Agreement with Special reference to Clause 49.

2. (i) Corporate Social and Environmental Responsibility

Text Books:

1. Saleem Sheikh & William Rees, *Corporate Governance & Corporate Control*, Cavendish Publishing Ltd., 1995
2. Taxmann, *Companies Act 2013*
3. Taxmann, *A Comparative Study of Companies Act 2013 and Companies Act 1956*

References:

1. Charles Wild & Stuart Weinstein Smith and Keenan, *Company Law*, Pearson Longman, 2009
2. Institute of Company Secretaries of India, *Companies Act 2013*, CCH Wolter Kluver Business, 2013
3. Lexis Nexis, *Corporate Laws 2013* (Palmtop Edition)
4. C.A. Kamal Garg, *Bharat"s Corporate and Allied Laws*, 2013,

Paper – V

Subject: Competition Law and Consumer Protection **Paper Code: BCL 105**

UNIT – I

1. **Competition: An Introduction**

- Definition of Competition
  - Definition of Competition Law
  - Objectives of Competition Law

2. **History of Competition Law**
   (USA, UK, Europe) Relevant provisions of Sherman"s Act
   - Indian scenario with an overview of MRTP Act, 1969
   - *Raghavan* Committee Report

3. **International co-operation for competition**
   - WTO agreements and the Act

UNIT – II

1. **Anti-competitive Agreement**
   - Appreciable adverse effect
   - Horizontal and Vertical agreements
   - Effects doctrine
2. **Prohibition of anti-competitive agreements**
   - Concerted practices and parallel behaviour
   - Cartel and Cartelisation
   - Bid rigging and collusive bidding
   - Tie-in-arrangements
   - Exclusive supply agreement
   - Resale price maintenance agreement
3. **Abuse of Dominant Position**
   - Relevant market
   - Predatory behavior
   - Predatory pricing
   - Discriminatory practices
   - Relevant market

UNIT – III

1. **Combination**
   - Value of Assets
   - Turnover
   - Acquisition
   - Conglomeration
   - Joint Venture
   - Merger and Amalgamation
   - Notification

-

2. **Competition Commission of India**
   - Establishment and composition
   - Duties
   - Procedure for inquiry
   - Powers
   - Competition fund

3. **Competition Advocacy**

- Competition Policy

UNIT – IV

Consumer Protection Act, 1986 and its applicability to Competition Law

- Definition of Consumer
- Definition of Service
- Deficiency in Service
- Unfair Trade Practices
- Overlapping areas

Text Books:

1. Dhall .Vinod, *Competition Law Today: Concept Issues and Law in Practice*, Oxford University Press, 2007
2. Bangia R.K., *A Handbook of Consumer Protection Laws and Procedure*, Allahabad Law Agency, 2004

References:

1. Mittal D.P., Taxmann"s *Competition Law and Practice, 3rd Edition* , 2007.
2. *Universal Guide to Competition Law in India*, Universal Law Publishing Company, New Delhi. 2003
3. Ramappa. T., *Competition Law in India- Policy, Issues and Development* Oxford University Press, 3rd Edition, 2013
4. Aditi P Talati, Nahar. S. Mahala, Competition Act, 2002: *Law, Practice and Procedure,* Commercial Law Publishers, 2006
5. Avtar Singh & Harpreet Kaur, *Introduction to Law of Tort & Consumer Protection,* Lexis Nexis, 2013.
6. Verma S.K. & M.Afzal Wani, *A Treatise on Consumer Protection Laws*, Indian Law Institute, 2004
7. Anoop K. Kaushal, *Universal"s Practical Guide to Consumer Protection Law*, Universal law Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2006.

COMPULSORY PRACTICAL WORK IN LAW [GEN 106]

In addition there shall be compulsory practical work of 100 marks

[A] Classroom Teaching [2 Lectures] & Seminar/Webinar [2] – 40 marks (10 marks each)

[B] Practical Components comprising of 50 marks tothe students from the following Component.
[C] Viva 10 marks

DETAILS OF PRACTICAL COMPONENTS:

7. Legal Aid Clinic Participation in One Program [10 marks]
8. Loopholes / Lacunae in existing laws and reports [10 marks]
9. Comparative study and its utility in context of India [10 marks]
10. Debate on any contemporary legal issue [10 marks]
11. Book Review / Group Discussion on current Legal Affairs [10 marks]
12. Case Studies on any ONE recent Supreme Court Judgment [10 marks]

NOTE 1 Publication of ONE Article/Research Paper in an ISBN/UGC Referred Journal along with the name of the Guiding Professor is compulsory. A Copy of Journal to be produced. In case the student has participated in the seminar/webinar above mentioned in the earlier point by writing an Article, he/she has to produce Souvenir and the concerned pages of his article to be bound in Practical Book.

NOTE 2 For the purpose of above, as far as possible the students should attend State/National Level Law seminars/webinars. However the student by taking the permission of the Professor in Charge/Dean can attend/publish at an Interdisciplinary seminar/webinar of social/natural sciences.

N. B. A spiral bound Practical/Project Work Book MUST be submitted as an evidence of the completion of the requirements of Paper 7 of each Group

Paper – VI Paper Code: **BCL 201**

Subject: Law Regulation of Capital Market and Foreign Investment

Objectives: Students should have general understanding of the trends in regulation of capital markets and foreign investments. They should appreciate the broader economic objectives and purposefulness of the nature, forms and extent of regulation of the capital markets.

Unit – I: Overview of Capital Market

A Role, Relevance and significance of Capital Market in national development

a. Capital Market and Economic Reforms: Challenges and prospects
b. Introduction to various components of capital market – primary and secondary market, stock exchanges,

Unit – II: Trends in Regulation of Capital Markets

a. Securities Contract Regulation Act 1956
b. SEBI Act 1992 with particular emphasis on role of SEBI
c. Depositories Act 1996

Unit – III: Policy framework for regulation of FDI

a. Meaning and forms of FDI
b. Foreign Exchange Management Act
c. FDI Policy and role of RBI

Unit – IV: Bilateral and multilateral investment agreements

a. Introduction to the trends of bilateral and multilateral investments agreements
b. Nature and scope of substantive rights of foreign investors under BIPAs
c. Dispute Settlement Mechanisms under BITs – Investment Arbitrations under ICSID and UNCITRAL

Text Books:

1. Guruswamy, *Capital Market,* Tata McGraw Education, 2009
2. E Gordon & H Nataraj, *Capital Market in India,* Himalaya Publishing House, 2013

References:

1. *Deepening India"s Capital Market: The Way Forward*, USAID, November 2007
2. *The Consolidated FDI Policy Circular of 2014*, Ministry of Commerce & Industry Department of Industrial Policy & Promotion, Government of India
3. *ICSID Convention – A Commentary*, C. Schreuer, 2nd Edition 2009
4. Sanjeev Agarwal, *Guide to Indian Capital Market*, Bharat Law House, 2009
5. Imaad A Moosa, *Foreign Direct Investment: Theory Evidence and Practice*, Palgrave MacMillan, 2010.
6. Niti Bhasin, *FDI In India*, New Century Publication, 2008.

Paper – VII

Subject: Corporate Taxation **Paper Code: BCL 202**

Unit-I: Income Tax

1. Type of Companies – (a) Indian Company (b) Domestic Company (c) Foreign Company (d) Public Sector Company (e) Companies in which public are substantially interested S 2(18) (f) Infrastructure Capital Company.
2. Special Provision in respect of newly established undertaking in free trade zone SEZ, 100% export oriented unit 10A,10AA, 10B, 10BA.
3. Profit and Gains of business or profession
4. Capital Gains
5. Set off or carry forward of losses
6. Incentive and deductions to Companies under Section 80.
7. Deprecation under Companies Act- Schedule 14 S. 205 & S. 350 and depreciation under Income Tax Act.
8. Minimum Alternate Tax 115 JB, Tonnage Taxation Ch. 12 G.
9. Tax on Distributed Profits under Section 115 (O), Special Provisions relating to tax on income received from Venture Capital Companies and Venture Capital Fund 115-U.
10. Dividend Tax ; International Transaction
11. Penalties and prosecution

Unit - II : Wealth Tax

1. Introduction & Chargeability
2. Valuation date and computation
3. Assets and deemed assets
4. Assets exempt from tax
5. Debt owed
6. Valuation of assets
7. Return of wealth and assessment

Unit - III: Sales Tax & VAT Laws

1. Preliminary
2. Imposition of Tax
3. Registration and Security
4. Returns
5. Assessment, Payment of Tax and Interest
6. Accounts and Records
7. Objections, Appeals and Disputes
8. Penalties and Offences
9. Way to GST (Tax on goods & services)- going to implement w.e.f. 1-4-2010

Unit - IV: Excise, Customs and Service Tax

(1) Excise

(a) Introduction
(b) Levy and Collection
(c) Valuation
(d) Cenvat Credit
(e) Search, Seizure and Confiscation
(f) Appeals and Revision

(2) Custom

(a) Introduction
(b) Charge of Custom Duty
(c) Bill of Entry
(d) Prohibition of Import and Export
(e) Goods liable for confiscation
(f) Baggage exempt from duty
(g) Offences

(3) Service Tax

(a) Introduction
(b) Exemption from service tax
(c) Abatement
(d) Penalties
(e) Service Tax on Government Department and Public Authorities

Text Books:

1. Vinod Singhania & Kapil Singhania, *Direct Taxes Law and Practice*, Taxmann, 2014
2. Chaturvedi & Pithisaria, *Income Tax Act with Relevant Tax Allied Acts,* Lexis Nexis, 2013
3. Dr. Monica Singhania & Dr Vinod Singhania, *Students guide to Indirect Tax Laws*, Taxmann, 2014
4. V.S. Datey, *Elements of Indirect Taxes*, Taxmann, 5th Edition., 2014

References:

1. B.B. Lal, *Income Tax*, Pearson, 2010
2. *Taxmann"s Income Tax Act as Amended by Finance Act,* 2014
3. Vineet Sodhani, *Indirect Tax Laws*, Taxmann, 2014

4. S.S. Gupta, *Service Tax: How to Meet your Obligation*, Taxmann, 2014
5. R Krishnan & R Parthasarthy, Valuation under Central Excise & Service Tax, Commercial Law Publishers Pvt. Ltd, 2013.
6. V.S. Datey, Custom Law and Practice and Procedure, Taxmann, 12th Edn., 2014

Paper – VIII
Subject: Banking and Insurance Law **Paper Code: BCL 203**

UNIT - I The Evaluation of Banking Services and its History in India

1. History of Banking in India.
2. Bank nationalization and social control over banking.
3. Various types of Banks and their functions.
4. Contract between banker and customer: their rights and duties.
5. Role and functions of Banking Institutions

UNIT – II Lending by Banks and Recent Trends of Banking System in India

1. Advances, Loans and Securities.
2. Direct, collateral and miscellaneous Securities.
3. Default and recovery.
4. Bank Debt Recovery Tribunals.
5. The Securitization and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcements of Security Interest Act, 2002 (Definitions, Section 13 – Enforcement of security interest, Section 17 - Right to appeal.)

UNIT – III General Principles of Law of Insurance

1. Definition, nature and history.
2. Contract of insurance and principles.
3. The Risk – commencement, attachment, assignment.
4. Types of insurances.
5. Policy and its Legal Status.

UNIT – IV Recent Trends in Insurance

1. Insurance against third party risks (relevant provisions from Motor Vehicles Act, 1988.)
2. Liability Insurance.
3. Consumer Protection and Banking and Insurance Services.

4. The Insurance Act, 1938 and the Insurance Regulatory & Development Authority Act, (IRDA), 2000.
5. Miscellaneous Insurance Schemes: New Dimensions (Group Life Insurance, Mediclaim, Sickness).

Text Books:

1. *Banking and Insurance Law and Practice*, Institute of Company Secretaries of India, Taxmann Publishers, 2010
2. M.N. Mishra, *Law of Insurance,* Central Law Agency, 9th Edition, 2012

References:

1. J N Jain & R K Jain, *Modern Banking and Insurance – Principles and Techniques*, Regal Publications, 2008
2. Jyotsana Sethi & Nishwar Bhatia, *Elements of Banking and Insurance,* PHI Publishers, 2nd Edition, 2013.
3. Murthy, K.S.N., and Sarma, K.V.S., *Modern Law of Insurance in India*, Lexis Nexis Butterworth, 2002
4. Birds, John, *Modern Insurance Law,* Universal Publishing Co., 2003,
5. Shah, M. B., *Landmark Judgments on Insurance*, Universal Publishing Co., 2004
6. Rangarajan, C., *Handbook of Insurance and Allied Laws.* K.C. Shekhar, & Lekshmi Shekhar, *Banking Theory and Practice*, Vikas Publishing House, 19th Edition, 2005.
7. M.L. Tannan, *Banking Law and Practice in India,* Lexis Nexis, 23rd Edition, 2010

Paper – IX

Subject: Law of Corporate Finance and Securities Regulations Paper Code: BCL 204

UNIT – I:

(1). Public Issue of Shares

(i) Prospectus
(ii) Remedies for misrepresentation
(iii) SEBI and Stock Exchange guidelines

(2). Share Capital

(i) Nature and Kind of Shares
(ii) Transfer, Transmission, Surrender and forfeiture of Shares
(iii) Purchase by Company of its own shares
(iv) Issue of shares at premium and discount
(v) SEBI Guidelines

UNIT – II:

(1). Shareholders" Rights (Various rights of shareholders and variation of shareholders rights.
(2). Debentures; Difference between Share and Debentures; Kinds of Debenture; Remedies of Debenture Holder; Company Charges.

UNIT – III:

(1). Insider Trading; SEBI"s Guidelines on Insider Trading
(2). Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI): Constitution, Powers and Functions

UNIT – IV:

(1). Reconstruction, Amalgamation and Take Over: Provisions in Company Law and SEBI Guidelines

(2). Auditors:

(i) Appointment, powers, duties and removal of auditors
(ii) Special Audit
(iii) Director Responsibility statement in Board Report
(iv) National Advisory Committee on Accounting Standards

Text Books:

1. Paul Davis & Sara Worthington, Gower"s *Principles of Company Law*, Sweet & Maxwell Thomson, 9th Edition, 2006
2. David Kidwell & Robert Parinno, Fundamentals of Corporate Finance, Wiley, 2012

References:

1. Charles Wild, Stuart Weinsten, *Smith and Keenon"s Company Law*, Pearson Education Ltd., 2013
2. J.C. Verma & Sanjeev Agarwal, *Corporate Mergers, Amalgamations & Takeovers*, Bharat Law House, 2008
3. Richard Brealey, Stewart Myers, Franklin Allen, Principles of Corporate Finance, Hill McGraw, 2012

Paper – X
Subject: DISSERTATION **Paper Code: GEN 205 [TH] /206 [Viva]**

The evaluation of the Dissertation and Viva Voce will be conducted by a Board of Examiners comprising of Dean, Supervisor and senior most faculty member and an External Examiner with the approval of the Hon"ble Vice Chancellor. Dissertation 150 Marks
+ Viva 50 = 200 Marks

Note 1: All research projects, dissertations &other research assignments are required to be in accordance with the University Grants Commission (Promotion of Academic Integrity & Prevention of Plagiarism in Higher Educational Institutions) Regulation 2018.

[As per these directions, the plagiarism must be checked and it must be less than 10% of the whole contents for allowing a Dissertation to be kept for a Viva. This stage does not entitle a candidate for a degree but he/she becomes eligible to present for a Viva. The recommendations of the Experts on the dissertation are taken in Average for passing in this semester]

N. B. A Durable Bound LL.M. Dissertation MUST be submitted along with Soft Copies as an evidence of the completion of the requirements of Paper CBCS of each Group for Semester II. Without submission of the Dissertation as per the guidance of the Professor in charge, the student is not eligible for Viva. The passing of this paper requires 75 marks minimum in Dissertation and 25 marks minimum in Viva. They are separate heads of passing.



SWAMINARAYAN UNIVERSITY
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for

MASTER OF LAWS

[One Year Regular Degree Program]

[LL.M. in Intellectual Property Laws]

LL.M (One Year) – IP Laws

Semester I

Paper Code	Paper Title	UE	IA	Total
GEN 101	Research Methods and Legal Writing	70	30	100
GEN 102	System of Governance	70	30	100
GEN 103	Law and Justice in a Globalised World	70	30	100
IPR 104	Nature, Emergence and Development of IPR	70	30	100
IPR 105	Law of Copyright	70	30	100
GEN 106	Practical Work in Law	100	--	--

Semester II

Paper Code	Paper Title	UE	IA	Total
IPR 201	Law of Patents	70	30	100
IPR 202	Law of Trade Mark	70	30	100
IPR 203	Law of Designs, Layout Designs and Geographical Indications	70	30	100
IPR 204	Protection of Plant Varieties and Traditional Knowledge	70	30	100
GEN 205/6	Dissertation**	150	50	200

Explanations
UE = University Examination
IA = Internal Assessment

Mode of Evaluation and Distribution of Marks

Each course shall carry total of 100 marks. There shall be semester end written examination for all the courses conducted by the University for 70 Marks. In each course in each semester there shall be Internal Assessment [IA] of 30 marks. [Test 10 Marks + Tutorial 10 Marks + Viva].

Every student in order to pass in LL.M. must secure at least 50 % of marks in each head of passing. UE and IA are separate heads of passing. [i.e 35 marks minimum in university examination and 15 marks minimum in internal assessment]

(d) Passing Standards:

50% to 59% Second Class
60% and above First Class
75% and above DISTINCTION

NB [Each Course is of 5 Credits]
Semester I i.e. 101 -106 = 30 Credits
Semester II i.e. 201 – 206 = 30 Credits.
TOTAL COURSE = 60 Credits

Paper – I

Subject: Research Methods and Legal Writing **Paper Code: GEN- 101**

Objective: This paper will make students understand research methodology and different components of legal research and their application. The paper will attempt to instill rational tools of analysis in the students so that their research contributes to the development of socio-legal dimensions.

Unit – I: Precepts

a. Nature, Scope and Objectives of Legal Research and Methodology
b. Methods of Legal Research
c. Collaborative Research
d. Doctrinal and Non-Doctrinal

Unit - II: Research Designs

a. Identification and Formulation of Research Problem
b. Hypothesis and Research Design (Characteristics and contents)
c. Database for Legal Research: Legislations, Judicial Decisions, Juristic Writings and Traditional and Online Databases

Unit - III: Research Techniques

a. Methodology: Tool and Techniques for collection of data, collection of case materials and juristic literature, use of historical and comparative research material and use of questionnaire and interview.
b. Census and Survey
c. Sampling: Types, Merits and Demerits
d. Observation
e. Interview, Questionnaire

Unit – IV: Data Processing Report Writing

a. Data Analysis and Interpretation
b. Report Writing
c. Supervision
d. Guidelines for researchers
e. Research Ethics

Text Books:

5. S.K. Verma and M. Afzal Wani (Eds.) *Legal Research and Methodology,* Indian Law Institute (2001) 2nd Edition.

6. Goode and Hatt, *„Methods in Social Research"*, Singapore, Mc. Graw Hill Book Co., 1985 (reprint).

References:

13. Baxi, Upendra, *„Socio-Legal Research in India – A Program Schriff*, ICSSR, Occasional Monograph, 1975.
14. Cohen, Morris L., *„Legal Research"*, Minnesota, West Publishing Co. 1985.
15. Ghosh, B.N., *„Scientific Method and Social Research"*, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 1984.
16. Johari J.C. (ed), *„Introduction to the Method of Social Sciences"*, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd. 1988.
17. Kothari C.K., *„Research Methodology: Method and Techniques"*, New Delhi, Wiley Eastern Ltd., 1980.
18. Stone, Julius, *„Legal System and Lawyer"s Reasoning"*, Sydney, Maitland Publications, 1968.

Paper – II

Subject: System of Governance **Paper Code: GEN- 102**

Objective: The objective is to enable the students understands and appreciate various forms and systems of Governance. The students should particularly appreciate the role of judicial institutions in promotion of governance, its limitations and challenges.

Unit - I : Introduction

e. Meaning and Concept of Governance
f. Systems of Governance
g. Constitutional Governance: Democracy, Rule of Law and Separation of Powers
h. Law and Governance in India

Unit - II : Federalism as a Pattern of Governance

a. Nature and Principles of Federal Governance : Classical and Modern
b. Comparative Analysis of American, Canadian and Indian Systems
c. Corporative Federalism in India: Legislative, Administrative and Financial Relations between Union and States.

Unit - III: Judicial process and its role in Governance

a. Concept and Practice of Judicial Review in India and USA
b. Judicial Accountability, Administrative and Parliamentary Ethics
c. Role of Judiciary in Promoting Governance: Human Rights, Criminal Justice System, Environment, Public Health etc.
d. Research and Development in Governance

Unit-IV: Emerging Trends and Challenges to Governance

a. Challenges to Governance: Corruption, Criminalization, Caste, Poverty, Terrorism etc.
b. State Responsibility & PPP
c. Principles of compensatory discrimination, Religious and Linguistic Minorities
d. Role of Media in Governance

Text Books:

1. Joseph Minattur, *Indian Legal System*, ILI Publication, 2006 (2nd Revised Edn)
2. Allot, A.N. "African Law", in J.D. M. Derret, Ed., *An Introduction to Legal Systems* (London: Sweet & Maxwell, 1968), 131.
3. ASEAN Law Association, *ASEAN Legal Systems* (Hong Kong/Malaysia/Singapore: Butterworths, 1995).
4. Basu, D. D., *Comparative Federalism,* New Delhi: Prentice-Hall, 1987.
5. Baxi, U., "The Colonial Heritage", in Legrand, P. and Munday, R., eds., *Comparative Legal Studies: Traditions and Transitions* (Cambridge University Press, 2003), 46.

References:

1. C. H. Mell Wain, *Constitutionalism: Ancient and Modern*. (1947).
2. A. V. Dicey, *Introduction to the Study of Law of the Constitution*. (1982) Edition.
3. Lary Alexander (ed). *Constitutionalism: Philosophical Foundations*. Cambridge. (1998)
4. M. P. Singh „*Constitution of India*. 11th Ed. 2008, Eastern Book Co.
5. K. C. Wheare. *Federal Government*. Ch. 1 & 2, 4th Edition 1963.
6. M. P. Singh. *Federalism, Democracy and Human Rights*. 47 J.I.L.I. 47 (2005).
7. Parmanand Singh „*Social Rights and Good Governance In* C. Raj Kumar and D. K. Srivastava (ed.) *Human rights and Development: Law, Policy and Governance* Ch.24 pp.437-54. Lexis Nexis. Hong Kong. (2006).
8. Parmanand Singh „*Hunger Amidst Plenty: Reflections on Law, Poverty and Governance*. 48, J.I.L.I. PP 57-77. (2006).
9. Virendra Kumar. *Dynamics of Reservation Policy: Towards a More Inclusive Social Order*, 50,
   i. J.I.L.I. PP 478-517. (2007).
10. Virendra Kumar, *Minorities" Rights to Run Educational Institutions*: T. M. A. Pai Foundation in Perspective. 45, J.I.L.I. PP 200-238. (2003).
11. Parmanand Singh „*Equality and Compensatory Discrimination: The Indian Experience, In* Choklingam and C. Raj Kumar (ed) *Human rights, Criminal Justice and Constitutional Empowerment*, Chapter 7, Oxford, Delhi. (2006).
12. Parmanand Singh. *Protecting the Rights of the Disadvantaged Groups Through Public Interest Litigation*, in M. P. Singh et al (ed), *Human Rights and Basic Needs: Theory and Practice*, Universal Law Publishing Company, New Delhi, PP 305-329. (2008).
13. Balakrishnan, K. G. „*Judiciary in India: Problems and Prospects*. 50, J.I.L.I. PP 461-467 (2008).

Paper – III

Subject: Law and Justice in a Globalised World **Paper Code: GEN- 103**

Objectives: The students should understand the process of globalization in all its dimensions and perspectives, they should particularly appreciate the globalization in the context of law and justice and the *vice versa* i.e. the law and justice in the context of globalization.

Unit-I: Justice in Globalising World: Existing Scenario

a. Globalisation as Process
b. Existing Scenarios and Issues: Economic, Social, Political
c. Rethinking the Idea of Just World Order

Unit-II: Mechanism of Justice under International Legal Regime

a. United Nations" Institutional Mechanism
b. Responsibility of Nation States
c. Challenges and the Way Forward

Unit-III: Globalisation and National Justice Delivery System

a. Avoidance of National Jurisdictions
b. Intervention of International Human Rights Regime

Unit-IV: Emerging Initiatives for Justice

a. MNCs and CSRs
b. Other New Initiatives
c. Global *Ombudsman*
d. Protection of Faiths and Culture

Text Books:

1. Kai Ambos, Judith Large, Marieke Wierda, *Building a Future on Peace and Justice: Studies on Transitional Justice, Peace and Development The Nuremberg Declaration on Peace and Justice*, Springer Science & Business Media, 2008
2. Andrew Byrnes, Mika Hayashi, Christopher Michaelsen, *International Law in the New Age of Globalization,* Martinus Nijhoff Publishers, 2013

References:

1. Joseph Stiglitz, *Making Globalisation Work: The Next Step to Global Justice*, Pengiun 2007
2. Antony Anghie (Editor), *The Third World and International Order: Law, Politics, and Globalization,* Kluwer Law International, 2003

Paper – IV
Subject: Nature, Emergence and Development of IPR **Paper Code: IPR 104**

UNIT – I: Introduction to Intellectual Property

a. Concept & Meaning of Intellectual Property
b. Nature and Characteristics of Intellectual Property
c. Origin and Development of Intellectual Property
d. Kinds of Intellectual Property

UNIT –II: Theories of Intellectual Property

a. Justification and Rationale for Protecting Intellectual Property
b. Balancing the Protection of IPR and Public Policy Objective
c. Theories of IPR:-
    i. Natural Theory
    ii. Hegelian Philosophy (Personality Theory)
    iii. Lockes" Theory of Property (Labour Theory)
    iv. Social Contract Theory
    v. Social Planning Theory
    vi. Incentive Theory
    vii. Reward Theory
    viii. Prospect Theory
    ix. Schumpeterian Theory
    x. Economic Theory

UNIT – III: International Institutions and Basic International Conventions

a. Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial property, 1883
b. The Berne Convention, 1886
c. TRIPS Agreement, 1994
d. International Institutions Concerned with Intellectual Property

UNIT – IV: Contemporary Issues in IPR

a. Interface between IPR and Human Rights
b. Interface between IPR and Competition Law
c. IPR and sustainable development
d. The Impact of Internet on IPR
e. IPR Issues in Biotechnology
f. E-Commerce and IPR issues

Text Books:

1. David I. Bainbridge, *Intellectual Property*, Longman, 9th Edition, 2012
2. Peter Groves, *Sourcebook on Intellectual Property Law*, Routledge-Cavendish, 1997.

References:

1. Susan K Sell, Private Power, *Public Law: The Globalization of Intellectual Property Rights*,

Cambridge University Press, 2003
2. N.S. Gopalakrishnan & T.G. Ajitha, *Principles of Intellectual Property*, Eastern Book Company,2nd Edition , 2014
3. Jayashree Watal, *Intellectual Property Rights in the WTO and Developing Countries*, Oxford University Press, 2001
4. Lionel Bently & Brad Sherman, *Intellectual Property Law,* Oxford University Press, 3rd Edition, 2008
5. Peter Drahos, *A Philosophy of Intellectual Property*, Dartmouth Pub Co, 1996
6. Duggal Pavan, *Legal Framework on Electronic Commerce & Intellectual Property Rights*, Universal Publishing House, 2014
7. Paul Torremans, *Intellectual Property And Human Rights*, Kluwer Law International, 2008
8. Steven D Anderman, *Interface Between Intellectual Property Rights and Competition Policy*, Cambridge University Press, 2007.
9. Philippe Cullet, *Intellectual Property Protection and Sustainable Development*, Lexis Nexis, 2005

Paper – V
Subject: Law of Copyright **Paper Code: IPR 105**

UNIT – I: Introduction to Copyright

a. Introduction

i. Evolution of Copyright Law in India
ii. Nature and Scope of Copyright
iii. Pre-requisites for Copyright
iv. Copyright and its relationship with other IPRs

b. International Conventions and Treaties

i. Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works, 1883
ii. Universal Copyright Convention, 1952
iii. TRIPS Agreement, 1994
iv. WIPO Copyright Treaty, 1996
v. International Copyright Order, 1999

UNIT –II: Subject Matters of Copyright

a. Work in which Copyright Subsists
b. Authorship *vis- a vis* Ownership
c. Copyrights: Economic and Moral Rights
d. Duration of Copyright
e. Copyright Issues in Digital Environment
f. Assignment and Licensing

UNIT – III: Limitations, Infringement & Enforcement of Copyright

a. Limitation and Exceptions of Copyright
b. Infringement
c. Remedies
d. Enforcement of Copyright at National and International Level
e.

UNIT IV: NEIGHBOURING RIGHTS

a. Origin and Development
b. Rationale for Protection
c. Copyright vis-a vis Neighboring rights
d. International Treaties:
i. Rome Convention for the Protection of Performers, Producers of Phonograms and Broadcasting Organisations 1961
ii. Geneva Convention for the Protection of Producers of Phonograms Against Unauthorized Duplication of Their Phonograms Phonograms Convention, 1971
iii. Brussels Satellites Convention, 1974
iv. TRIPS Agreement, 1994
v. WIPO Performances and Phonograms Treaty, 1996
vi. Beijing Treaty on Audiovisual Performances, 2012
e. Performers Rights

f. Broadcasting organizations rights
g. Rights of the Producers of Phonograms
h. Economic and Moral Rights
i. Exceptions
j. Infringement and Remedies

Text Books:

1. Kevin Garnett, Jonathan Rayner James, Gillian, ***Copinger and Skone James on Copyright*, Sweet & Maxwell, London,** 2013
2. P. Narayanan, *Copyright and Industrial Designs*, Third Edition, Eastern Law House, New Delhi, 2007

References:

1. David Nimmer, Nimmer on Copyright, Lexis Nexis, 2010
2. W R Cornish, *Intellectual Property: Patents Copyright Trademarks and allied rights*, **Sweet & Maxwell, London,** 2010.
3. S. Sivakumar & Lisa P. Lukose, *Broadcasting Reproduction Right in India: Copyright and Neighbouring Right Issues,* ILI, New Delhi, 2013
4. A.K. Kaul & V.K.Ahuja, *Law of Copyright: From Gutenberg"s Invention to Internet*, University of Delhi, Delhi, 2001.
5. Ananth Padmanabhan, *Intellectual Property Rights Infringement and Remedies*, Lexis Nexis, 2012
6. Mira Sundara Rajan, Moral Rights: Principles, Practice, and New Technology, Oxford University Press, 2011
7. Neil Weinstock Netanel, *Copyright's Paradox*, Oxford University Press, 2008.
8. Robert A Gorman, Jane C. Ginsburg, *Copyright Cases and Materials*, Foundation Press, 2011
9. Paul Goldstein , *International Copyright: Principles, Law, and Practice*, Oxford University Press, 2012

COMPULSORY PRACTICAL WORK IN LAW [GEN 106]

In addition there shall be compulsory practical work of 100 marks

[A] Classroom Teaching [2 Lectures] & Seminar/Webinar [2] – 40 marks (10 marks each)

[B] Practical Components comprising of 50 marks tothe students from the following Component.
[C] Viva 10 marks

DETAILS OF PRACTICAL COMPONENTS:

13. Legal Aid Clinic Participation in One Program [10 marks]
14. Loopholes / Lacunae in existing laws and reports [10 marks]
15. Comparative study and its utility in context of India [10 marks]
16. Debate on any contemporary legal issue [10 marks]
17. Book Review / Group Discussion on current Legal Affairs [10 marks]
18. Case Studies on any ONE recent Supreme Court Judgment [10 marks]

NOTE 1 Publication of ONE Article/Research Paper in an ISBN/UGC Referred Journal along with the name of the Guiding Professor is compulsory. A Copy of Journal to be produced. In case the student has participated in the seminar/webinar above mentioned in the earlier point by writing an Article, he/she has to produce Souvenir and the concerned pages of his article to be bound in Practical Book.

NOTE 2 For the purpose of above, as far as possible the students should attend State/National Level Law seminars/webinars. However the student by taking the permission of the Professor in Charge/Dean can attend/publish at an Interdisciplinary seminar/webinar of social/natural sciences.

N. B. A spiral bound Practical/Project Work Book MUST be submitted as an evidence of the completion of the requirements of Paper 7 of each Group

Paper – VI
Subject: Law of Patents **Paper Code: IPR 201**

UNIT – I: Introduction

a. Evolution of Patents in India
b. International Treaties on Patents
    i. Paris Convention
    ii. TRIPS
    iii. Budapest Treaty
    iv. PCT

UNIT – II: Patentability and Procedures for Grant of Patents

a. Patentable and Non Patentable Inventions
b. Pre-requisites – Novelty, Inventive Step, Industrial Application
c. Prior Art, Anticipation, & Person Skilled in the Art
d. Procedures for Filling Application
e. Specifications – Provisional and Complete Specifications
f. Priority dates
g. Pre-Grant and Post Grant Opposition
h. Grant and sealing of Patents
i. Rights of Patentee
j. Term of Patent
k. Surrender and Revocation of patents
l. Restoration

UNIT – III: Limitations, Exceptions & Infringements

a. Licencing – Voluntary & Non –Voluntary
b. Assignment
c. Fair Use
d. Use and acquisition of inventions by Central Government
e. Parallel Imports
f. Claim Interpretations and Constructions
g. Infringements & Remedies

UNIT –IV: Patent Authorities, Patent Agents & Emerging Issues

a. Controller General of Patents
b. Patent Examiners
c. Patent Agents
d. IPAB
e. Emerging Issues
    i. Patents & Computer Programs
    ii. Business Methods & Utility Patents
    iii. Bio-Informatics Patents
    iv. Patent and Human Right Issues

Text Books:

1. *Feroz Ali* Khader, The *Law of Patents-With a Special Focus on Pharmaceuticals in India*,

LexisNexis, 2nd Edition, 2011

2. Elizabeth Verkey, *Law of Patents*, Eastern Book Company, 2nd Edition, 2012

References:

1. Richard Miller, Guy Burkill, Hon Judge Birss, Douglas Campbell, *Terrell on the Law of Patents*, Sweet and Maxwell, 2010
2. *Feroz Ali* Khader, *The Touchstone Effect:The Impact Of Pre-Grant Opposition On Patents*, Lexis Nexis, 2009
3. Donald S Chisum, *Chisum on Patents* (17 Volumes), Lexis Nexis, 2012
4. Janice M. Mueller, *Patent Law*, Wolters Kluwer, 2013
5. Martin J. Adelman et al., *Patent Law in a Nutshell*, West, 2013
6. Amy L. Landers, *Understanding Patent Law*, Lexis Nexis, 2012.
7. Ananth Padmanabhan, *Intellectual Property Rights Infringement and Remedies*, Lexis Nexis, 2012

Paper – VII
Subject: Law of Trademark **Paper Code: IPR 202**

UNIT-I: Introduction

a. Evolution of Trademark in India
b. Justification
c. International Treaties:
   i. Paris Convention
   ii. Madrid Agreement and Protocol
   iii. NICE Agreement
   iv. Trademark Law Treaty
   v. Singapore Law Treaty
   vi. TRIPS
d. Kinds of Trademarks: Registered and Unregistered Trademarks, Conventional & Non-Conventional Trademarks, Service Mark, Collective Marks, Certification Marks, Well Known Trademarks

UNIT-II: Registration of Trademarks

a. Pre-requisites
b. Absolute and Relative Grounds for Refusal of Registration
c. Concept of Deceptive Similarity and its Applicability in Registration
d. Procedure for Registration
e. National and International Registration

UNIT-III: Commercial Exploitation of Trademarks and IPAB

a. Rights of Proprietor
b. Assignment, Licensing and Transmission of Trademark
c. IPAB

UNIT-IV: Infringement and Passing off

a. Infringement
b. Goodwill and Passing off
c. Remedies
d. Trademark Issues in Cyberspace

Text Books:

1. K C Kailasam and Ramu Vedaraman, *Law of Trademarks including International Registration under Madrid Protocol and Geographical Indications*, Lexis Nexis, 2013
2. A. K. Bansal, Law *of Trademark in India*, Thomson & Reuter, 2014

References:

1. David T Keeling, David Llewelyn, *Kerley"s law of Trade Marks and Trade Names, Sweet and Maxwell*, 15th Edition , 2014.
2. Narayanan, *Trade Marks and Passing Off,* Eastern Law House, 2004
3. Ananth Padmanabhan, *Intellectual Property Rights Infringement and Remedies*, Lexis Nexis, 2012
4. Christopher Wadlow, *The Law of Passing Off: Unfair Competition by Misrepresentation*, Sweet and Maxwell, 2011.
5. David Lindsay, *International Domain Name Laws*, Hart Publishing, 2007.

Paper – VIII
Subject: Law of Designs, Layout Designs and Geographical Indications **Paper Code: IPR 203**

UNIT-I: Industrial Designs

a. Introduction
b. Evolution
c. Justification
d. International Treaties
   i. Paris Convention
   ii. Hague Agreement
   iii. Locarno Agreement
   iv. TRIPS
e. Industrial Design Act, 2000
f. Interface Between Design, Copyrights and Trademarks

UNIT-II: Semiconductor and Layout Designs

a. Introduction
b. Evolution
c. Justification
d. International Treaties:
   i. Washington Treaty
   ii. TRIPS
e. The Semiconductor Integrated Circuits Layout-Designs Act, 2000

UNIT III: Geographical Indications-I

a. Introduction
b. Evolution
c. Justification
d. International Treaties:
   i. Paris Convention
   ii. Madrid Agreement
   iii. Lisbon Agreement
   iv. TRIPS Agreement

UNIT-IV: Geographical Indications-II

a. Protection of GI at National Level
b. Geographical Indication of Goods (Protection & Registration) Act, 1999
c. Higher Level of Protection of GIs and TRIPS, Article 23 Controversy
d. Genericides of Geographical Indications

Text Books:

1. Ashwani Kumar Bansal, Design Law, Universal Law Publishing Company, 2012.
2. *Latha R Nair & Rajendra Kumar, Geographical Indications: A Search For Identity,* Lexis Nexis, 2005

References:

1. Tapan Kumar (Ed.), *WTO, TRIPS and GIs*, New Century Publications, 2014
2. Dev Gangjee, *Relocating the Law of GI,* Cambridge University Press, 2012
3. K C Kailasam and Ramu Vedaraman, *Law of Trademarks including International Registration under Madrid Protocol and Geographical Indications*, Lexis Nexis, 2013
4. S. K. Verma & Raman Mitttal (ed.), *Intellectual Property Rights a Global Vision*, Indian Law Institute, New Delhi, 2004

Paper – IX
Subject: Protection of Plant Varieties & Traditional Knowledge Paper Code: IPR 204

UNIT – I: Introduction

a. Introduction to Plant Varieties – Law& Science
b. Evolution of Plant Patents & Plant Varieties Protection
c. Justification for IP Protection
d. UPOV
e. Essential Requirements- NDUS
f. Kinds of Varieties
g. Registration of Varieties

UNIT – II: Rights, Limitations & Infringement

a. Exclusive Rights
b. Breeders" Rights v. Farmers" Rights
c. Researcher"s Rights; Farmers" rights and Rights of Communities
d. Compulsory Licence
e. Benefit Sharing
f. Infringement & Remedies

UNIT – III: Traditional Knowledge (TK)

a. Meaning, Nature and Characteristics
b. Need for protection of TK
    i. Equity Considerations
    ii. Conservation Motive
    iii. Preservation of Traditional Practices and Cultures
    iv. For Indigenous Peoples" Participation in Development Process
    v. To Facilitate Access
    vi. For the Conservation of Environment and Management of Bio Diversity

c. International Initiatives on TK Protection

    i. Rio Declaration on Environment and Development (1992)
    ii. The Convention on Biological Diversity, 1992
    iii. Bonn Guidelines on Access to Genetic Resources and the Fair and Equitable Sharing of Benefits Arising out of their Utilization, 2002
    iv. International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture, 2001
    v. The FAO International Code of Conduct for Plant Germplasm Collecting and Transfer, 1993
    vi. Convention Concerning Indigenous Peoples in Independent Countries, 1986
    vii. Declaration of Principles of the World Council of Indigenous Peoples, 1984
    viii. Kari-Oca Declaration and the Indigenous Peoples" Earth Charter, 1992
    ix. The Mataatua Declaration on Cultural and Intellectual Property Rights of Indigenous Peoples, 1993
    x. Doha Ministerial Declaration, 2001
    xi. UN Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, 2007

xii. The Nagoya Protocol, 2010
xiii. Other TRIPS Plus initiatives

d. International bodies and Institutions responsible for the Protection of TK

UNIT – IV: Traditional Knowledge and IPR

a. Interface between IPR & TK
   i. Protection of Traditional Knowledge under the Existing Modes of Intellectual Property and Issues thereof
   ii. Concepts of Prior Informed Consent (PIC) and Agreement to befit sharing (ABS)
b. National Initiatives
   i. Defensive protection of TK through legislative efforts: Constitutional Provisions, The Biological Diversity Act, 2002; Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmers" Rights Act, 2001; The Patent Amendment Acts 2002 and 2005; The Geographical Indications of Goods (Registration and Protection) Act, 1999 ;The Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 etc.
   ii. TKDL
   iii. Need for a *sui generis* protection

Text Books:

2. Elizabeth Verkey, *Law of Plant Varieties Protection*, Eastern Book Company, 2007

References:

1. Anthony J. Stenson and Tim S. Gray, *The Politics of Genetic Resource Control,* Macmillan Press Ltd., London, 1999
2. Brush S.B & D. Stabinsky (ed.), *Valuing Local Knowledge- Indigenous people and Intellectual Property Rights*, Island Press, Covelo, California, 1996
3. Carlos M Correa, *Traditional knowledge and Intellectual Property, Issues and Options Surrounding the Protection of Traditional Knowledge*, Quaker United Nations Office, Geneva, 2001
4. David Downes, *Using Intellectual Property as a Tool to Protect Traditional Knowledge: Recommendations for Next Steps*, Center for International Environmental Law, Washington, DC, 1997
5. P. Drahos and M. Blakeney (ed.), *Perspectives on Intellectual Property: IP in Biodiversity and Agriculture,* Sweet and Maxwell, London, 2001
6. Vandana Shiva, *Biopiracy: The Plunder of Nature and Knowledge,* South Press, 1997
7. Vandana Shiva, *Protect or Plunder: Understanding Intellectual Property Rights*, Zed Books Ltd., London, 2001

Paper – X
Subject: DISSERTATION **Paper Code: GEN 205 [TH] /206 [Viva]**

The evaluation of the Dissertation and Viva Voce will be conducted by a Board of Examiners comprising of Dean, Supervisor and senior most faculty member and an External Examiner with the approval of the Hon"ble Vice Chancellor.

Dissertation 150 Marks+ Viva 50 = 200 Marks

Note 1: All research projects, dissertations &other research assignments are required to be in accordance with the University Grants Commission (Promotion of Academic Integrity & Prevention of Plagiarism in Higher Educational Institutions) Regulation 2018.

[As per these directions, the plagiarism must be checked and it must be less than 10% of the whole contents for allowing a Dissertation to be kept for a Viva. This stage does not entitle a candidate for a degree but he/she becomes eligible to present for a Viva. The recommendations of the Experts on the dissertation are taken in Average for passing in this semester]

N. B. A Durable Bound LL.M. Dissertation MUST be submitted along with Soft Copies as an evidence of the completion of the requirements of Paper CBCS of each Group for Semester II. Without submission of the Dissertation as per the guidance of the Professor in charge, the student is not eligible for Viva. The passing of this paper requires 75 marks minimum in Dissertation and 25 marks minimum in Viva. They are separate heads of passing.

24/6/24.

SWAMINARAYAN UNIVERSITY

SHREE SWAMINARAYAN LAW COLLEGE

PAPER SETTER EXAMINAER (External Faculty)

Sr. No	Name	Designation	College Name	Experience	Mobile No	Email ID
1	Dr. K.C Bhartiya	Assi. Professor	Anand Law College , Anand	16	9723021756	kcbalc@rediffmail.com
2	Dr. Pankaj Modi	Assi. Professor	Government Law College, Ahmadabad	16	9824636683	pankaj_modi20@yahoo.com.in
3	Dr. Arundhati P. Dasani	Assi. Professor	Ahmedabad	14	9712757979	adasani23@gmail.com
4	Dr. Paresh Dobariya	Assi. Professor	Surendranagar	12	9033449133	parpshadariya@yahoo.co.in
5	Dr.Krupa Jayswal	Assi. Professor	~~Sonavala~~ Law College Godhra	5	8238003412	Jayswalkrupa12@gmail.com
6	Dr.Nirmal Herama	Assi. Professor				
7	Dr Megha Nayak	Assi. Professor		6		
8	Dr.Parima Raval	Assi. Professor	HNGU	9		
9	Dr. Vivek sidhhu	Assi. Professor	Sabarmati University	4		

22/6/24.

Minutes of exam passing committee

Meeting Regarding Result declaration of faculty of Law -LLB, LLM – Sem III University regular Examination -Jan 2024, held on 06/02/24 at 11.00 A.M. in conference room Swaminarayan University.

The committee members had gone through all the tabulation sheets of result analysis. The result was also examined by each member. After complete evaluation the committee members unanimously decided to declare the results of faculty of Law LLB & LLM Sem III University regular Examination -Feb 2024 on date 07 /05/2024 and also publish on official website of the Swaminarayan University.

Exam passing committee members

Sr.No	Name of Member	Department	Signature
1.	Prof. Dr. M.S. Rao	Provost, Swaminarayan University	
2.	Dr. Anita Patel	CoE, Swaminarayan University	
3	Dr Dixit Patel	Dean Faculty of Law	
3.	Dr. Ravi Kumar	Dean faculty of Engineering	
4.	Dr. Ravi Patel	Dean Faculty of Pharmacy	

LLB-Sem III Result Analysis is as follows

SWAMINARAYAN UNIVERSITY		
Law-LLB-Sem 3 Examination -Jan 24 (2023-24)		
Percentage	**Result**	**Number of Students**
85 and Above	First Class & Distinction	-
70 and 84.99		-
60-69.99	First Class	5
50 and 59.99	Second Class	54
40-49.99%	Pass	1
40-49.99%	Fail	4
Absent	Absent	1
Total Number of Students Applied	65	
Total Number of Students Appeared	64	
Total Number of Passed Students	60	
Total Number of Failed Students	4	
Total % result	93.75%	

22/6/24

SWAMINARAYAN UNIVERSITY		
Law-LLM- Business Law -Sem 3 Examination -Jan 24 (2023-24)		
Percentage	Result	Number of Students
85 and Above	First Class & Distinction	0
70 and 84.99		0
60-69.99	First Class	-
50 and 59.99	Second Class	4
40-49.99%	Pass	0
40-49.99%	Fail	0
Absent	Absent	0
Total Number of Students Applied	4	
Total Number of Students Appeared	4	
Total Number of Passed Students	4	
Total Number of Failed Students	0	
Total % result	100.00%	

SWAMINARAYAN UNIVERSITY		
Law-LLM- Criminal law -Sem 3 Examination -Jan 24 (2023-24)		
Percentage	Result	Number of Students
85 and Above	First Class & Distinction	0
70 and 84.99		0
60-69.99	First Class	4
50 and 59.99	Second Class	33
40-49.99%	Pass	1
40-49.99%	Fail	2
Absent	Absent	4
Total Number of Students Applied	44	
Total Number of Students Appeared	40	
Total Number of Passed Students	38	
Total Number of Failed Students	2	
Total % result	~~86.36%~~ 95%	

DPPatel 6/5/24

6/5/24

SWAMINARAYAN UNIVERSITY		
Faculty of law, LLB- Sem I Regular Examination- January 2024		
Percentage	**Result**	**Number of Students**
85 and Above	First Class & Distinction	00
70 and 84.99		00
60-69.99	First Class	10
50 and 59.99	Second Class	83
Below 50	Dropped/ Fail	12
Absent	Absent	05
Total Number of Students Applied for Examination	117	
Total Number of Students Appeared for Examination	112	
Total Number of Passed Students	103	
Total Number of Failed Students	09	
Total % result	88.03%	

SWAMINARAYAN UNIVERSITY

ACADEMIC CALENDAR 2024-25

ACTIVITIES	ODD SEMESTER	EVEN SEMESTER	YEAR WISE (IN TWO TERM)
Start of LLB . & LLM.	01/07/2024	04/01/2025	-
Class test (from) LLB . & LLM	10/08/2024	06/02/2025	-
Class test (from) LLB . & LLM	10/11/2024	01/04/2025	-
Assignment submission	-	-	-
Result of Remedial midterm exam of previous semester	-	-	-
Midterm Exam (from)	-	-	-
Result of Midterm Exam	-	-	-
End Of the semester and Last date for submission of Marks- continuous evaluation/internal evaluation)	-	-	-
End Of the semester and Last date for submission of Marks- continuous evaluation/internal evaluation	-	--	-
Preparatory Holidays	25/09/2024 To 02/10/2024	18 /03/2025 to 31/03/2025	-
Preparatory Holidays	08/01/2025 to 15/01/2025	20/05/2025 to 01/06/2025	-
End Semester Examination (Practical)	_	_	_
End Semester Examination (Theory) and Supplementary Examination (practical)	25/12/2024 to 30/12/2024	06/05/2025 to 13/05/2025	-
Supplementary Exam previous semester (Theory) From	-	-	-

Diwali vacations will start from_28/10/2024 to_08/11/2024

For the First Year Degree programme of those courses for which ACPUGMEC allots the seats, the first semester will commence based on the direction of ACPUGMEC. Based on the actual date of commencement of classes, the concerned Dean/ HoI shall prepare the calendar for the first semester ensuring 90 days of teaching.

For other first year degree programme, based on the actual date of commencement of classes the concerned Dean/ HoI shall prepare the calendar for first semester ensuring 90 days of teaching.

NOTE:

Faculty of Ayurveda/ Homoeopathy/ Nursing/ Medicine -Preparation of Academic calendar -Year wise as per respective Commission /Council requirements.

Faculty of Pharmacy / Engg & Tech / IT & CS / Law-Semester wise Academic calendar and where were Council applicable follow the guideline.

Faculty of Science, Arts & Humanities, Commerce & Management- Semester wise Academic calendar.

Faculty of Education shall prepare the Academic calendar as per Council requirement.

22/6/24.

SWAMINARAYAN UNIVERSITY
CALENDAR OF EVENT 2023-24

Date of Annual/ Semester start : 01.07.2023
Date of End year: 30.06.2024

Sr No	Name of the Faculty	Date- Event celebration	Day
1	Faculty of Law	12 August 2023	International Youth Day
2	Faculty of Law	15 August 2023	Independence Day
3	Faculty of Law	5 September 2023	Teachers Day
4	Faculty of Law	26 November2023	Indian Constitution Day (National Law Day
5	Faculty of Law	10 December2023	Human Right Day
6	Faculty of Law	15 January 2024	Indian Army Day
7	Faculty of Law	24 January 2024	National Girl Child Day
8	Faculty of Law	26 January 2024	Republic Day
9	Faculty of Law	08 March 2024	International Women's Day
10	Faculty of Law	15 March 2024	World Consumer Rights Day
11	Faculty of Law	05 June 2024	World Environment Day
12	Faculty of Law	21June 2024	International Yoga Day
13	Faculty of Law	01 May 2024	International Labour Day
14	Faculty of Law	26 June2024	World Drug Day

PhD Student Details

Year	Batch	Admitted Students	Students Cancelled	Course Work Completed	DRC
2022- 23	1	47	01	Yes	3
	2	I9	0	Yes	1
2023- 24	1	33	0	No	0

22/6/24.